THE CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD, MARCH, 1866. "Liberty and Union, One and Inseparable."—WEBSTER. TERMS: $2.00—$1.50 IN ADVANCE.

VOL. 34. EMPORIUM, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 7, 1899. NO. 28.

NEW STORE. FRESH GOODS.

CRAMER'S

Popular Variety Store

We thank the public for the very generous patronage bestowed upon us since we purchased this establishment. We have just added a very fine line of

Ladies Dress and Fancy Goods. Bargains in Every Department.

Ladies Waists, Skirts, Wrappers and Suits at Special hot weather bargains.

Ladies' - Furnishing - Goods.

Tinware, Glassware,
Silverware, Dishes, by sets,
One hundred piece
Dinner and Tea Sets,
Crockery,
Lamps, Lanterns,
Clocks,
Table Oil Cloth,
Clothes Wringers,
Window Shades, Wall Paper,
Sewing Machines,

We are closing out Men's Clothing at cost.

D. F. CRAMER,
Emporium, Pa.

NEW

Fall Carpets

AND

Oil Cloths

ROLL UPON ROLL.

The new fall Carpets and Oil Cloths are here in magnificent array.

There are good reasons for your buying now.

First, Carpet and Oil Cloth prices are on the rise. These beautiful new ones were contracted for before the rise; so while they last you have the advantage of first choice and the advantage of low prices as well.

Then the fall season will open earlier than usual, and fall furnishings will need to be looked after now.

Plenty of Carpets and Oil Cloths to select from, and all of them good ones, plenty of reasons for you buying here, for you have carpet and oil cloth prettiness and carpet and oil cloth durability as well.

The care with which our stocks has been gathered will make choosing delightful, the stock is the largest we have ever had, and our extraordinary low prices will surprise you. We invite you to our store to inspect our carpet and oil cloth department, where an enormous stock, immense variety, best styles and very finest goods are linked with the lowest prices quoted anywhere.

M. C. TULIS.

Republican County Convention.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Republican County Committee, empowering the Chairman to call a Caucus and County Convention, the Republican Primary Elections and County Convention for Cameron county will be held as follows, to-wit:

County Convention.

The Republican County Convention will meet at the Court House, in the Borough of Emporium, on

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1899,

at 1:00 o'clock, p. m.,

For the purpose of placing in nomination for election at the ensuing election, one (1) person for the office of Sheriff, Two (2) persons for the office of County Commissioners, Two (2) persons for the office of County Auditors, the nomination of any other officers that may be necessary, and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the Convention; and in accordance with the Rule, notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed, in writing, with the said Chairman their intention to be candidates before the said Convention.

For the Office of Sheriff.

SAM. LEWIS, Shippen Township, Pa.
J. D. SWOPE, Shippen Township, Pa.

For the Office of County Commissioner.

D. BURLINGAME, Portage Township, Pa.
E. W. GASKILL, Shippen Township, Pa.
CHARLES GLEASON, Drittwood, Pa.

Republican Primary Election.

The Republican Primary Elections for Cameron county will be held on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16th, 1899.

Emporium Borough—West Ward, at Opera House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—5 delegates; Middle Ward, at Council Room, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—4 delegates; East Ward, at Hose House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—3 delegates.
Shippen Township, at Court House, at 2:00 to 5:00 p. m.—7 delegates.
Portage Township, at Sizerville Bath House, at 7:00 to 9:00 p. m.—2 delegates.
Lumber township, at the Alpine House, Sterling Run, at 5:00 to 7:00 p. m.—3 delegates.
Gibson Township, at Curtin House, Driftwood at 5:00 to 7:00 p. m —3 delegates.
Driftwood Borough, at Curtin Hotel, at 8:00 to 10:00 p. m.—3 delegates.
Grove Township, at Joe M. Shaffer's, from 4:00 to 7:30 p. m.—3 delegates.

C. F. BARCLAY, Chairman.

Attest:
C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec'y.

Council Proceedings.

Regular meeting Borough council, Sept. 4, 1899.

Present: Messrs. Burke, Catlin, Shafer, Burns, Strayer, Schweikart, Palmer and Warner.

Absent: Mr. Lloyd.

Minutes of last meeting read and approved.

Committee to investigate sewer on Broad street was discharged after they had made report.

Committee to investigate Fifth street was continued.

On motion by Mr. Warner, reconded by Mr. Burns, the following bills were ordered paid:

John Blinzler draying		$ 7 50
D. C. Hayes, draying		2 50
St. Marys Gas Co., gas to Oct. 1, 1899		35 00
Thos. Cavanaugh, work on streets		9 00
George Seaver,	do do	10 50
John Welsh,	do do	12 00

Moved by Mr. Shaffer, seconded by Mr. Burke, that W. J. Grandin, Jr., be advised that the Council would accept his proposition for franchise if he would furnish wire and apparatus for Police and Fire Department calls and maintain same without cost. Ayes: Messrs. Burke, Shafer and Warner—3. Nays: Messrs. Catlin, Palmer, Burns, Strayer, Schweikart—5. The motion was declared lost.

Moved by Mr. Palmer, seconded by Mr. Burns, that the Borough furnish sufficient 12-inch pipe for use on Popular street, being about 110 feet, same to be laid by Dr. Heilman. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shafer, seconded by Mr. Catlin, that a committe of three be appointed to investigate sewer on Broad street and report at meeting one week from to-night. Carried.

Moved Mr. Catlin, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that the Auditors report be printed in two papers, cost not to exceed $40 for each paper. Ayes: Messrs. Warner, Strayer, Schweikart, Catlin—4. Nays: Messrs. Burke and Shafer—2. Not voting: Mr. Palmer. The motion was declared carried.

Moved by Mr. Warner, seconded by Mr. Shafer, that Street Commissioner be instructed to purchase sufficient lumber to repair crossings. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Shaffer, seconded by Mr. Schweikart, that property owners be notified to rebuild and repair sidewalks in accordance with a list filed, Carried.

On motion the Council then adjourned to meet Sept. 11th, 1899.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH, Sec.

The Theatre from the Inside.

That there are five thousand theatres in America, and that one-million and a half people attend them each week-day night, spending seventy millions of dollars a year on theatre-going, are the surprising facts with which Mr. Franklin Fyles, the dramatic editor of the New York Sun, will open an important series in the next issue of the Ladies' Home Journal. The series will be called "The Theatre and Its People," and will run through seven numbers of the magazine, lavishly illustrated with pictures made by twelve different artists.

LOCAL NOTICES.

Now if you want a stylish outfit in the clothing line, call on N. Seger.

PROF. O. B. HUMMEL, the piano and organ builder and repairer, will be at the Warner House, Emporium, Sept. 30th to Oct. 7th. 28-4t

N. Seger has one of the handsomest lines of shirts, neckties, etc., to be found anywhere, and the prices are very low compared with quality.

FOR SALE —First-class horse, buggy and harness. Having no further use for outfit will sell at a bargain. For particulars call at PRESS office. 28-3

N. Seger has just returned from New York City, where he purchased a fine line of clothing and gent's furnishing goods. Call and see them.

LADIES! clean your kid gloves with Miller's Glovine, for sale only by Balcom & Lloyd, headquarters for kid gloves and the famous Dartmouth gloves; all the latest shades. 5-ly

ON account of the extreme high price of meat, we have been compelled to advance prices somewhat, but still continue to handle the best obtainable. If not suited elsewhere try us. We guarantee to please or refund your money. DAY'S.

Fair at Port Allegany.

The seventeenth annual Fair commences at Port Allegany next Tuesday and continues until Friday. Excursion rates on W. N. Y. & P. Ry. The management are preparing for a large time. On Friday, September 15th the Emporium ball team will cross bats with the Smethport nine. The citizens of this county are invited to compete for premiums in every department.

September Portage Falls Excursions $1.00.

On Sept. 10th and 24th, W. N. Y. & P. Ry., special train will leave Emporium at 8:00 a. m. Fare $1.00. Trains will arrive at Portage Falls Park 11:30 a. m. Returning, leave 5:15 p. m., giving nearly six hours to visit the Falls and their delightful surroundings.

There will also be a week day excursion Saturday, September 16th. See small bills for particulars. 28-3t.

New Form of Postal Money Order.

The Post Office Department has adopted a new form of domestic money order, which will be introduced gradually, or as supplies of the old form become exhausted, at the various post-offices throughout the country, after the 4th of September.

The new form is somewhat smaller than the order now in use. Its dimensions are about those of the ordinary bank draft. It has two adjuncts—the advice, or notification to be sent by the issuing to the paying postmaster, is a reproduction of the order through the use of carbonized paper, (the manifold process), and a receipt for the amount, to be furnished by the issuing postmaster to the remitter.

On the back of the order a separate space has been provided for the stamps of banks through which it may be passed for collection.

Thanks.

MR. EDITOR:—Kindly extend our thanks to those dear neighbors and friends who so thoughtfully aided and assisted us during the sickness and death of our dear father, A. L. Pepper.

THE FAMILY

Editor Cameron County Press:

We take this opportunity to thank the dear friends of mother Gager for their sympathy and beautiful loving gifts of floral emblems and other decorations; also the dear young friends who so sweetly sang the songs which have made the burden of our grief easier to bear. Words are cold to express our appreciation.

May God reward you all we pray.

FATHER GAGER AND FAMILY.

Sept. 6, 1899.

Death's Doings.

PEPPER.

ALMON L. PEPPER, aged 70 years, four months and fourteen days, passed away last Saturday night, at his residence on Sixth street. Mr. Pepper's death removes one of the old land marks of this place. Coming to Emporium when the old Sunbury & Erie R. R, was completed, he permanently located in this section, first at the mouth of North Creek. For more than twenty-five years he was janitor and tip-staff at the court house in this place and faithfully discharged his duty. Mr. Pepper has been in feeble health for some years and a great sufferer.

The funeral, which was very largely attended, took place on Monday afternoon at the M. E. church, Reverands Shriner and McCaslin officiating, each making very appropriate remarks. Deceased was for several years a member of the Baptist church and died in the faith, surrounded by his two children—Mrs. M. H. Terwilliger and Geo. Pepper.

The bereaved family and especially the devoted daughter, have the sympathy of a large circle of friends.

***

UTTER.

PETER UTTER, aged 43 years, died at Liberty, Pa., last Sunday, of typhoid fever, after an illness of four weeks. His remains were brought to Emporium on Tuesday and interred in Newton Cemetery, after which services were held in M. E. church—Rev. McCaslin officiating in the absence of the Pastor. The deceased was father of Mrs. Stephen Van Wert, of this place.

***

HESS.

The Hess infant, adopted by a family named Cook, on West Creek, died on Sunday.

Gen. Sickles' Patriotism.

At the G. A. R. camp-fire at Philadelphia on Tuesday, Gen. Sickles was called upon for a speech and said: "It is impossible for me to ever resist an invitation from a patriotic people, such as I see before me, and therefore I speak. I must thank you for the glorious reception you gave to Comrade McKinley. He stands for our people, he stands for our flag, he stands for our nation before all the world. And standing in this position he deserves to be sustained by all our people, irrespective of creed or section.

"As an old soldier, as an American, as an old Democrat, dyed in the wool, I believe Comrade McKinley has taken the right stand as to our foreign policy, and he will be heartily sustained by Americans everywhere."

General Sickles' remarks were interrupted by frequent applause, and at their close the Temple Chorus sang "Rally 'Round the Flag," many of the audience joining in.

Ninety-First Anniversary.

Last Monday evening, Mrs. Dehliah Quay-Clark celebrated her 91st anniversary at the residence of W. F. Lloyd, her son-in-law, with whom she has made her home, at this place, for many years. Surrounded by her grand-children, great grand-children and many friends a joyous evening was passed. Grandma Clark is quite active for one so far advanced in years. The PRESS congratulates this very excellent lady and expresses a hope that the "borrowed time" may be still farther extended to her.

Injunction Dissolved.

For some months there has been considerable litigation between S. S. Hacket and the Shippen School District over the erection of a graded school and the increase of the indebtedness. An injunction was issued restraining the district. Last Monday the Court dissolved the injunction and the school board will proceed at once with the work.

If you want to Lend Money,
Advertise in the PRESS

Devilish Work.

On the night of Aug. 31st, some enemies of R. P. Bingman, (who is lumbering for C. B. Howard & Co., on Bobby Run) entered his stables and cut with knives four sets of heavy harness. The fiends left behind a threatening letter that may lead to their identification.

Time to Call a Halt.

For months it has been known that disreputable persons have been in the habit of congregating during all hours of the night upon the lawns surrounding the High School building, holding disgraceful orgies The disgraceful exhibitions have become unbearable and the authorities should take steps to put a stop to such scenes. Last Saturday another gang located there and during their drunken spree broke several window panes.

From Driftwood Gazette.

Don Larrabee, the energetic insurance agent, of Emporium, had business here Tuesday.

Miss Christina McDonald, of Emporium, is visiting Mrs. T. J. Riley, at the Commercial.

Landlord Murphy, of Emporium, was circulating among old friends here yesterday.

J. B. Schriever, the artist, made this office a pleasant call yesterday, while returning from Pittsburg to his home in Emporium.

Pennsylvanias Welcome to G. A. R.

The demonstration to the Nation's defenders, by the citizens of Pennsylvania and the city of Philadelphia, on Monday and Tuesday was grand. The city was packed with visitors and more than 30,000 old vets marched in the grand review on Tuesday. We have not the space to give a description of the parade, it requiring more room than we have at our command.

President McKinley was given a royal reception and addressed his old comrades as Major McKinley of Post 60, of Canton, Ohio. When Gen. Wagner introduced Comrade McKinley the applause broke loose and the vast audience was on its feet shouting, cheering and waiving handkerchiefs. The reception to the old soldiers and their Commander-in-Chief, President McKinley, never will again be repeated in like grandeur.

Emporium Liars Club.

Editor Press:—

Our club was called to order in Fred Hill's chicken coop, Mr. "Bob" Hacket occupying the seat of honor. He immediately called Mose Minard and Phil. Wolverton, who had gone to Sterling Run to start a club. They reported that they had run up against Wess Barr, who invited them home with him. In a few minutes after their arrival Wess gave them his nine foot snake story, which just about knocked them out. After recovering they were determined to get even with him, so before they left they swiped some of his spring chickens and crippled his dog, failing to organize the club.

Grand Chief Pap Blodget says the club could arrange the charter so as to take in Bert Olson. A vote was taken and he is now a member. Now Olson come over and we will give you Annias degree.

The next meeting of the club will be a convention to nominate a county ticket and will be held in Hockley's coal yard. Delegates from all clubs will be present, and a hot time is expected, as nearly every member wants an office.

ANTHONY.

Smethport seems to be doomed. Added to the list of destructive fires which have recently visited that place was the store building of Mrs. Chambers, on Main street, which was destroyed Saturday night. From what information we can obtain it looks as though someone had tampered with the gas fittings as the entire front of the building was blown out. The store of H. W. Rubin & Co., adjoining, was also badly damaged and much of the stock ruined. Mrs. Chambers' loss is heavy as she carried but little insurance.—Kane Republican.

TO RENT.

THE BRICK BUILDING AT THE CORNER OF BROAD AND FOURTH STREETS, NOW USED AS A LAW OFFICE.

E. M. NEWTON.

BRIEF MENTION.

Our schools opened on Monday.

The Emporium base ball team play at Austin to-day.

Six tramps are confined in our jail for stealing rides on P. & E. trains.

R. M. Overhiser and Mrs. Hurteau are making improvements and repairs on their Fourth street properties.

We have received the Cuba Fair and race program for September 19 to 22. Cuba is noted for its races and the fair is largely attended.

W.O. Smith, of Punxsutawney Spirit, lost two umbrellas within one week and makes a vigorous kick. We think Jake Wenk can tell you where one can be found if you look about his shop.

Last Monday was labor day, yet we do not believe many of our laborers celebrated the occasion. The laboring man and mechanic had all the "rest days" they cared for under the last democratic administration.

The person who will read a borrowed paper in order to save the expense of subscribing for it may be a very estimable citizen, but we should vote against such person handling the collection plate in church.—Exchange.

The furnace company commenced to receive stock on Monday. The plant is all ready for operations and Supt. Brady hopes to blow in next Monday. This industry is a great help to our town and will give employment to about one hundred men.

Driftwood hopes to locate a knitting mill at that place. Good. We are more than pleased to see our neighbors up and doing. If you don't hustle now, when business is brisk and capital looking for investments, there will be no use in trying later on. Keep the ball rolling.

C. R. Baird & Co., of Philadelphia recently purchased two furnaces near Marietta, paying $225,000 for the same. With the purchase goes the right to mine iron ore from the celebrated Cornwall banks. This is the same firm who are almost ready to blow in at Emporium furnace.

Last spring Mr. David Peasley cut the brush on a piece of land that he failed to clear. To-day he was cutting it over and found a sumac that had grown eleven feet high and four and a half inches diameter at the butt. Mr. Peasley would like to hear from some person who has land that will do better than this.

Mrs. John Rhone now denies the "Grit" interview, and says she did not say half that is credited to her. Whether or not this is true is material if the murdered body of John Rohne is ever found. It is now asserted that young Rohne claims he found the Pennsylvania tie voucher in the bible, whereas his mother's story to the reporter was that it was found on the organ. She is reported as saying it was given to Dr. Nevling in part payment of a bill. Dr. Nevling says it was given to him to take his bill out of and send the remainder of the money back to the Rohnes.

The Rohne family, that is Mrs. Rohne and her children are talking of increasing the reward from $500 to $1,000.—Clearfield Republican.

Associate Judge Wirts, of Mifflin county, received for his salary last year $270; Associate Judge Kline, of Perry county, received $282.60, and Associate Judge Bonham, of Cameron county, received $300, making the total amount of the salary of the three Associate Judges $852.60. But we have an Associate Judge who beat the three Judges named in the size of his salary. Now when one Associate Judge can get away with three Associate Judges it shows conclusively that the one Associate Judge is more than a common, every-day Associate Judge. The Associate Judge to whom we refer is Associate Judge Kraus, who signed and swore to bills last year calling for $939.45, which is $86.85 more than the three Associate Judges received for their services that year. The population of the three counties—Mifflin, Perry and Cameron is 53,510, and the population of Sullivan county is 11,620. We also have another Associate Judge who beat the record of Judge Kraus. We now refer to Judge Line who lifted from the public treasury last year $982.10, making $129.50 more than the three Associate Judges Wirts, Kline and Bonham received all taken together.—Sullivan County Herald, (Democratic).

EASTMAN'S KODAK

WILL PHOTOGRAPH THE WEATHER.

FRIDAY, Fair in morning, showers afternoon or night.
SATURDAY, Cloudy, probably showers in morning, clearing in afternoon or night.
SUNDAY, Fair weather.

You can carry it in your hands, on your shoulder, in your pocket or on your bicycle. You press the button and the Kodak will do the rest.

LLOYD'S LONG RANGE FORECAST OF THE WEATHER AND EASTMAN'S KODAK.

KODAK

1900 years ago the wise men of the East were attracted by a wonderful star shining in the heavens, which stood over the town of Bethlehem in the land Judea. In this nineteenth century the people of the world are attracted by a wonderful star in the East which stands over Rochester, in the state of New York, where the Eastman Kodak Company manufactures the only kodak known to the world. These points characterize the superiority of Eastman's Kodak, simplicity, light weight, cartridge system, daylight loading, achromatic lenses, film or glass plates.

This Kodak can be used by boys or girls, men or women, professional or amatuer, at home or abroad, in rain or shine, in daylight or darkness, in summer or winter, standing or riding. "You press the button and the kodak will do the rest." There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak. For sale by

HARRY S. LLOYD.

The confidence we have in the character of Eastman's Kodak, and the prices fixed on them, make us eager at all times to take back any of them that fail to please our customers.

THERE IS NO KODAK BUT THE EASTMAN KODAK

There is no kodak but the Eastman Kodak.

CAMERON COUNTY PRESS.

H. H. MULLIN, Editor.

Published Every Thursday.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....1 50

ADVERTISING RATES:

Advertisements are published at the rate of one dollar per square for one insertion and fifty cents per square for each subsequent insertion.

Rates by the year, or for six or three months, are low and uniform, and will be furnished on application.

Legal and Official Advertising per square, three times or less, $2; each subsequent insertion 40 cents per square.

Local notices 10 cents per line for one insersertion; 5 cents per line for each subsequent consecutive insertion.

Obituary notices over five lines, 10 cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

Business cards, five lines or less, $5 per year; over five lines, at the regular rates of advertising.

No local inserted for less than 75 cents per issue.

JOB PRINTING.

The Job department of the PRESS is complete and affords facilities for doing the best class of work. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO LAW PRINTING.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at the option of the publisher.

Papers sent out of the county must be paid for in advance.

LILIUOKALANI, former queen of Hawaii, is keeping house in Washington She has abandoned all hope of regaining her throne, and says she is a thorough American.

THE New Rathhaus, of Leipsic, will cost $1,600,000. It will occupy the site of the old Pluisenberg, where Luther held his disputation. A tower of the old castle still stands and will be workee into the architectural design of the city hall.

THE people of Beverly Farms, Mass., are discussing a proposition to buy the residence formerly occupied by Oliver Wendell Holmes during the summer. The plan contemplates laying out a park about the house, which is now occupied by the autocrat's son, Chief Justice Holmes.

A GREAT national movement has been started for the observance of the one hundredth anniversary of the death of George Washington on December 14. The Sons of the Revolution and other similar organizations have the matter in hand, and are arranging the details of the plan.

ADM. SCHLEY said in a recent interview that few officers in the navy took much interest in politics because they were so often out of touch with political affairs by reason of service in ports at the other end of the world. He himself, he said, had had but one opportunity to vote for a president since he attained his majority.

EVERY block signal tower on the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, from New York to Boston, has been equipped with a long distance telephone, for use in recording the movements of trains. The arrangement, it is asserted, which involved the expenditure of $100,000, has made no longer essential to the conduct of the road the many telegraph operators.

AN electric vehicle manufacturing house in Toronto, Ont., has constructed a motor-driven invalid's chair which is claimed as being the smallest motor carriage in the world, the width over all being only about two feet. It is equipped with three cells of storage battery, weighing three pounds, and a small motor capable of driving it at a maximum speed of four and one-half miles per hour.

THE cheapest postal service in the world is that of Japan, where for two sen—about seven-tenths of a penny—letters are conveyed all over the empire. This is the more remarkable when one considers the difficulties of transit over the mountainous and irregular country, where the railway is still in its infancy and where wagons can only pass over some of the principal roads and only a few of the coast stations are connected by steamers.

ISAAC MCLELLAN, who was widely known as "the Poet of the Rod and the Gun," died a few days ago at his home in Greenport, L. I., at the age of ninety-three years. McLellan numbered among the friends of his youth, Henry Wadsworth, N. P. Willis, the novelist Hawthorne, and the theologian Cheever. He was associate editor of the Daily Patriot in Boston, and subsequently started a magazine of his own, known as the Pearl.

IN the fruiting season the banyan is an arbor for the feathered creation and a rude temple is often set up under or close to its shade, at which the wayfarer stops to cook a meal more frequently than to offer a prayer. These sacred trees, with their grateful shade, are common in every part of India and are confined to the tropical zone. As timber they are of no value, but gumlac is obtained from their juice and the bark is used by the Hindus medicinally.

DISCUSSION already prevails in naval circles as to what duty Adm. Dewey will be assigned to when he shall reach this country. Secretary Long intimates that the question will be determined entirely in accordance with the admiral's wishes in the matter. He may be stationed in Washington at the head of a board—possibly the board of inspection and survey, the duties of which may be enlarged to take in questions of policy relating to ship construction.

EX-GOVERNOR HOGG, of Texas, says regarding the stories about his children's names: "The truth of the matter is that my girl's name is Ima Hogg. She was named by her mother. Her mother was reading a book somewhere in which one of the characters which interested her exceptionally was named Ima. About that time the little girl came along, and she was named Ima. We never noticed the play of the name until it was called to our attention. The boys have all rational names. They are Tom, Mike and Will."

BACK DOWN OF BRYAN.

Anything to Win Is the Motto of the Megaphonic Mouther of the Malcontents.

In his speech at Des Moines, before the democratic county chairmen of Iowa, William Jennings Bryan indicated that he is preparing to do that which he has always insisted that the democracy must not do—place the silver issue in the background.

His utterances were made with greater caution than were those of Mr. Croker, in which that gentleman made known his change of convictions. Mr. Bryan made known his willingness that the silver issue should be shelved in such a way that it did not obtrude itself at once upon the understanding, but gradually dawned upon it. First he said that the Chicago platform was built for all time. That was, or seemed to be, quite in accordance with what he had always asserted. "We need not repudiate a syllable nor idea of it," he said next. Here the first symptom of weakening appeared. Heretofore he had always said: "We must not repudiate," etc. Then he ventured a little farther out upon the new ground, by saying: "But when new and important issues arise we can take them into the family and make the campaign upon them without apologizing for any past fight."

Heretofore Mr. Bryan had steadfastly held to the declaration that no other issue could possibly take natural precedence of the silver question, and he had persistently asserted that no other must be permitted to take precedence.

Having carefully and cautiously prepared the minds of his hearers for the announcement of his complete change of conviction, Mr. Bryan said: "We lost the last campaign because we lacked the foreign vote. They did not understand the silver issue. But they will understand what a standing army means. They know what expansion and imperialism mean, and will vote against them. They will understand these things better than the native Americans themselves, and on such issues we can win."

"On such issues we can win" naturally implies its collary: "On the silver issue we cannot win."

It is not necessary at this time to discuss the question of the accuracy of Mr. Bryan's assertion that he was defeated in 1896 because he lacked what he calls "the foreign vote." But a few words may be given to a refutation, on behalf of naturalized American citizens, of Mr. Bryan's assertion that they are less loyal to the government to which they have chosen to give their allegiance than are the citizens who were born under the American flag. There is absolutely no justification for that assertion. On the contrary, all evidences before the people disprove it. We have no statistics at hand to prove it, but we assert with perfect confidence that investigation of the facts will bear us out, that in the army of the United States the percentage of naturalized citizens is approximately as large as it is in the whole population. If Mr. Bryan really believes that he can frighten naturalized Americans with bugaboos of militarism and imperialism, he will discover his error.

But the question naturally arises whether Mr. Bryan really means what he says, or whether he has taken his cue from Richard Croker and is talking to deceive the sound money democrats, just as Mr. Croker has been talking to deceive the silverites.

However that may be, it is certain that Mr. Bryan has weakened himself by his utterances at Des Moines. He leaped into prominence on the platform of 1896 whose chief plank is that of free coinage. He made a phenomenal run on that platform, in view of all the circumstances. His strength was in close adherence to the issue on which he made his fight in the last campaign. They that have been his faithful followers gave him their unswerving allegiance because he was the champion of free coinage. When he ceases to be that champion he ceases to be the logical candidate of the democracy. Upon the emergency issues which have been framed to meet the demand within the party for something to take the place of the silver issue, any other democrat who is otherwise qualified for the candidacy can run as well as Mr. Bryan, or better than he.—Albany Journal.

☞Speaking of democratic bolts, they're nuts for the G. O. P.—Albany Argus (Dem.).

COIN HARVEY LEFT OUT.

The Silver School Pedagogue of 1896 Is Not in It for 1900.

Prior to the formal opening of the presidential campaign of 1896 it was generally agreed among political observers that "Coin's Financial School," a volume of which W. H. Harvey was the author, would certainly be the textbook of the democrats if Bland, Bryan or Tillman were nominated at Chicago. Coin was a man—or, more properly speaking, a boy, adolescent in years and juvenile in arguments—who had constituted himself the voluble pioneer of a new system of finance. Its full benefits were to be attained by statutory provisions to be adopted by congress, whereby one dollar would be made worth 50 cents and 50 cents would have the purchasing power of a dollar. The feasibility of this plan was disclosed in a series of fictitious lectures given by "Prof. Coin," a "young financier living in Chicago," to various bankers, manufacturers and business men, one of whom was Mr. Lyman J. Gage, now the secretary of the treasury. Coin's textbook of free silver at the ratio of sixteen to one was embellished with illustrations, one of which depicted the financial magnates of the United States as having wheels in their heads. This is a sample of Coin's argument:

"Mr. E. H. Wheeler wanted to know of Prof. Coin if he did not believe it would advance prices if the government was to issue $500,000,000 in greenbacks?

"'No,' replied Coin. 'It would break down the present tottering financial system sooner. The remedy to restore prices is to remonetize silver and then issue more greenbacks! By putting silver back in the column of redemption money, we would increase it from its present volume of $600,000,000 to $1,200,000,000. This would warrant $1,200,000,000 of credit money and would give us $2,400,000,000 on a sound financial footing, or about $24 a head.'

"As Coin made this last statement, he laid his hand on a silver bell on the table, and as its clear notes rang through the room, a signal that the school had adjourned for the day, a warm and hearty applause went up."

The youthful Coin dealt in large figures, an item of a billion dollars being of no importance to him. Millions were like corks floating on the stream of his expansive thought.

Coin flourished as a democrat and populist text-master for 1896, but it is evident that he does not fill the bill for 1900. He is too recent.—N. Y. Sun.

MISS DEMOCRACY'S CRAZY QUILT.

DRIFT OF OPINION.

☞Mr. Bryan prefers to be defeated at the polls as the leader of the sixteen to one party to being set aside by his party with a platform denying the one issue for which he stands.—Indianapolis Journal.

☞There are several things which the Iowa democrats "view with alarm." There are several things which the republicans of the land do not view with alarm, and one of them is the campaign of 1900.—Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin.

☞According to the official report of the Central Freight association the traffic in grain is now five times as large as it was a year ago. There is no good record in existence that will not be broken during the next few years of republicanism.—Iowa State Register.

☞The Iowa democrats gulped down the entire Chicago platform without gagging and afterward swallowed the anti-expansion and anti-trust resolutions. The Iowa democrats are not the kind of fellows who strain at gnats or camels, either.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

☞One of the southern representatives at the anti-Bryan democratic conference in New York hit the nail a tremendous blow on the head when he declared: "We voted for Bryan because he promised us more money—we don't care for the man himself."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

☞In his Des Moines speech Bryan made the flat-footed statement that more banks failed during the six months immediately following the election of President McKinley than during any six months of our history. The report of the comptroller of currency proves the falsity of this statement.—Chicago Post.

☞Bryan said in a speech the other day that the foreign-born voters were unable to understand the issue in 1896. The insult to the Germans and Swedes who, especially among the foreign-born citizens, were solidly opposed to the free comage of silver at sixteen to one will not be overlooked or forgotten next year.—Cleveland Leader.

IN THE AMERICAN MANNER.

Insular Commission Recommends a Radical Revision of the System of Government Now Existing in Porto Rico.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The insular commission, consisting of Gen. Kennedy, Judge Curtis and Maj. Watkins, which has given six months' study to the conditions in Porto Rico, on Wednesday reported to Secretary Root. It recommends a form of civil government of the islands to take the place of the present military regime, and submits for adoption a code of laws. These laws it recommends should be placed in operation by executive decree, arguing that a congressional enactment of general laws would change the status of the island toward the United States and make it part of the constitutional territory of the United States.

The code of laws and the civil government proposed do not give the Porto Ricans the elective franchise for any offices, nor extend to them the privilege of trial by jury except in United States courts in cases of felonies involving an amount in excess of $500. It recommends that the military force remain in the island, but be kept in the background and touch the people only with a soft hand. English is to be made the official language of the island, but for the present all except the federal courts are to be conducted in Spanish.

The code abrogates all Spanish laws and royal decrees and all systems of procedure and substitutes the provisions of the code modified after the laws of the states of the United States, and declares the common law and principles of equity to be in future the law of the land where no specific direction is found in the code.

In place of the Spanish system of courts an American system is provided: a supreme court, a district court and a probate court with limited civil and criminal jurisdicton, and justices of the peace and police courts in the cities, also a federal court to have exclusve jurisdiction of all federal questions and concurrent jurisdiction in civil and criminal matters.

A complete civil county, township and city government is to be provided and all the civil administrators are to be natives, the higher officers to be appointed by the president.

A public school system with provision for a superintendent and board of public instruction and a complete system of public schools conducted in English by American teachers is provided and also night schools for illiterate adults. The right to teach Spanish where demanded is given.

Full general corporation and railroad laws with the right of eminent domain are provided, thus opening the island to competition and ending the system of franchises to favored corporations. All taxes which bear heavily on the poor and all double taxes on non-residents are abrogated. A marriage law is provided like those in the states, with a plan for legalizing consent marriages and legitimizing children, one-half of whom on the island were born out of wedlock.

The commission recommends that this code be put into effect at once by the president without waiting for congress to legislate on the question, saying that the people of the island are in distress and are still being oppressed by the old Spanish laws and customs, leaving for congress the question of such after-legislation as may be deemed best.

There ought, in the opinion of the commission, to be a general revision of the tariff rates on articles imported by the island from the United States, and reductions made on articles of prime necessity and total release on some articles. It is suggested that congress grant authority to the president to arrange a schedule of reciprocal tariff duties with Porto Rico. The commission lays stress on the need of currency reform in the island.

A SMALL WAR CLOUD.

Honduras and Nicaragua Wish to Fight Costa Rica.

New Orleans, Aug. 31.—On the authority of an American just returned from Nicaragua, where he has lived for seven years, it is stated that there recently took place a secret conference between President Zelaya, of Nicaragua, and President Sierra, of Honduras, the purpose of which was to effect an alliance between those two countries for an invasion of Costa Rica. It is stated that war between the allies and Costa Rica is bound to eventuate.

The casus belli is contained in the fact that Nicaragua is intent upon regaining from Costa Rica the province of Guanacaste, the boundary line between Costa Rica and Nicaragua, and which is adjacent to the proposed route to Nicaragua, but was wrested from the latter country in the last struggle with Costa Rica. It is likewise stated that $30,000 in gold has been shipped to Hamburg and that the father-in-law of President Zalaya is now in Belgium for the purpose of buying arms for the allied forces; also that $25,000 in gold has been sent to Zelaya's agents in New York for the same purpose.

John Brown's Followers Reinterred.

Lake Placid, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Thirty-five hundred persons witnessed the ceremonies at the reinterment of John Brown's followers in the graveyard on the John Brown farm at North Elba, about two miles from here Wednesday.

A New Counterfeit.

Washington, Aug. 31.—The secret service has discovered a new counterfeit $2 treasury note of the series of 1891, check letter D, Bruce register, Roberts treasurer, portrait McPherson. The seal is dark red, instead of pink and the parallel ruling is poor.

Great Fire at Yokohama.

Yokohoma, via Victoria, Aug. 31.—The greatest fire in the history of Yokohoma occurred August 12, when a square mile of buildings was destroyed and 16 lives lost. The property loss is between $5,000,000 and $6,000,000.

JOHN R. McLEAN.

Nominated for Governor by Ohio Democrats.

State Convention at Zanesville Finishes Its Labors in One Day—Platform Endorses Free Silver and W. J. Bryan's Candidacy—The Ticket.

Zanesville, O., Aug. 31.—The democratic state convention closed last night after a day of dramatic plays. While there were a half dozen candidates for governor, the McLean men stated early in the day that the first ballot would have none of the "second choice" vote for McLean, that none of the reserves would be called out till the second ballot and that all the candidates would have votes on the first ballot. In this play McLean was nominated on the first ballot by a half vote and the figuring was so close that the dramatic scene of changes on the second ballot with "second choice" reserves flocking to McLean's standard did not take place.

After the adoption of the majority report on credentials, the McLean men felt that they could make any play on the balloting that they desired. The vote of 389 to 341 in defeating the minority report on credentials was the hardest fight the McLean men had during the day, as they were then without the 56 contested votes from Cuyahoga county and on that vote they could not have made a nomination.

Judge Mooney made such a good impression that all wanted him for permanent chairman and the amended report also continued as secretary Hon. Thomas J. Cogan, the friend of McLean, and shut off the anti-McLean men who had been named in the report for sergeant-at-arms.

The convention was properly represented in its platform and the keynote speech of Judge Mooney. The name of Bryan was cheered whenever it was mentioned. The convention showed demonstrations over free silver and imperialism, anti-bossism and all the indictments in the speech of Judge Mooney and in the platform.

The first ballot resulted as follows: Rice 29½, Kilbourne 227, Haskell 55, McLean 402½, Sherwood 57, Seward 25, Lentz 6. The nomination of McLean was then made unanimous and the convention recessed until 4 o'clock.

The recess from 3 to 4 p. m. was taken to confer with Col. Kilbourne for second place on the ticket and the recess was continued in vain till 5 p. m. for that purpose. When the convention reassembled there were attempts to nominate Kilbourne, notwithstanding his repeated declinations, but his friends withdrew his name as fast as the McLean men presented it. Finally Judge A. W. Patrick, of New Philadelphia, who had seconded the nomination of Kilbourne for governor, was nominated for lieutenant governor.

For supreme judge Dewitt C. Badger, of Madison county, was nominated on the fourth ballot.

For attorney general J. W. Dore, of Tiffin, was nominated.

George W. Sigafoos, of Darke county, was nominated for auditor of state.

James I. Gorman, of Lawrence, was nominated for state treasurer.

For member of the board of public works Fletcher D. Malin, of Lake county, was nominated.

After the usual vote of thanks, adoption of the rooster as the emblem and authorizing the state committee to fill any vacancies on the state ticket, the convention at 9:20 p. m. adjourned.

Following is a summary of the platform adopted:

Chicago platform reaffirmed and 16 to 1 financial plank emphasized. Bryan indorsed for presidential nomination in 1900.

Imperialism and entangling alliances with foreign powers condemned.

War on Filipinos and alleged secret alliance with England denounced.

Freedom of Cubans and Filipinos and encouragement in establishment of republics by them demanded.

Republican party's policy regarding shipping and the Hanna-Payne subsidy bill denounced.

Maintenance of navy favored and enlargement of standing army condemned.

Initiative and referendum, an eight-hour law, more rigid inspection of mines and workshops, prohibition of sweatshops and abolition of contract system of prison labor favored.

Trusts denounced and alleged to be fruit of gold standard and republican tariff legislation.

Demand made that all articles, prices of which are controlled by trusts, be placed on free list.

Attorney General Griggs denounced for alleged refusal to enforce federal statutes against trusts, and Attorney General Monnett, of Ohio, indorsed for his crusade against trusts.

More rigid economy in public affairs, reduction of all fees and salaries, reduction of taxation and more equitable distribution thereof demanded.

Political bosses denounced and Ohio republican party held up as an alleged example.

Lynching deplored and adoption of measures to suppress it recommended.

Constitutional amendement providing for election of president, vice president and United States senators by direct vote of the people recommended.

Altgeld Resigns.

St. Louis, Aug. 31.—John R. McLean, of Ohio, is now head of the ways and means committee of the democratic national committee. His appointment was announced Wednesday by W. J. Stone, it being one of the features of the reorganization plan decided upon at Chicago in July. Another feature is the elimination of John P. Altgeld from the national councils of his party. His resignation from the ways and means committee is accepted and his friend Devlin, who has had charge of the press bureau, will soon follow him in retirement, it is predicted.

"You Never Miss the Water Till the Well Runs Dry."

We never realize the value of health until it is gone. When old time strength and vigor are wanting, purify the blood by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla; soon restored appetite, perfect digestion, steady nerves and even temper will prove it is bringing back the glow of perfect health.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

A PHILANTHROPIST.

He Was Going to Get Rich and Get Up Something to Cool the People Off.

"Yes, sir," exclaimed the man with a linen duster and a high-crowned straw hat, "I'm going to do it."

"What are you going to do?" asked the policeman to whom the stranger had addressed himself.

"You know," he went on, without heeding the question, "that the summer months are invariably marked by increased outbreaks of all kinds. Men's angry passions seem to rise with the thermometer."

"What were you threatening just now?" asked the policeman, sternly.

"Threatening?"

"Yes. You said you were going to do something. What are you going to do?"

"I'm going to get rich. I'm going to get some steady employment and save up my money and invest it judiciously and get rich. There's no end of good you can do with riches. Rich men are doing a great deal of good now. They establish schools and colleges and libraries and let the people get acquainted with the soothing thoughts of philosophy and the sublimities of science. But in the months of July and August you, as a practical criminologist, have doubtless observed philosophy and science don't work. By the time I have got rich there will be all the colleges and libraries that there will be need of, and I will cap the summit of our civilization with a bequest for a mammoth marble refrigerator in each town, so that when anybody feels his indignation rising he can go there and wander up and down the stately corridors and cool off."—Washington Star.

HE SOON GOT WELL.

Landing with the Bootjack on the Leader's Nose Had a Beneficial Effect.

It was a sad scene. The old man lay on his bed, and by him sat the faithful wife, holding his worn hand in hers and forcing back the tears to greet his wandering look with a smile. She spoke words of comfort and of hope. But he felt the cold hand falling on him, and he turned his weary eyes up to her pale, wan face.

"Jennie, dear wife, I am going."

"Oh, no, John—not yet—not yet."

"Yes, dear wife," and he closed his eyes; "the end is near. The world grows dark about me. There is a mist around me gathering thicker and thicker, and there, as through a cloud, I hear the music of angels—sweet and sad."

"No, no, John, dear; that isn't angels; that's the brass band at the corner."

"What!" said the dying man. "Have those scoundrels dared to come here when they know I'm dying? Give me my bootjack. I'll let 'em see."

And in a towering rage the old man jumped from his bed, and before his wife could think he had opened the window and shied the bootjack at the band.

"I've hit that fat leader in the nose!" And he went back to bed and got well.—Tit-Bits.

TOO ZEALOUS.

Whippleton Was Getting Too Attentive to Business to Please the Boss.

"I wish," said the senior partner to the manager of the executive department, "that you would discharge Whippleton, that new man we put on a couple of months ago."

The manager was surprised. He showed it in his countenance. He was about to say something, when the head of the firm went on:

"I have made it a rule, as you have doubtless noticed, never to permit any of the men who work in this establishment to beat me here in the morning. For 20 years I have sat here at my desk, and watched the employes report for duty."

"Yes," the manager said, "it has become a tradition around the place that you are always the first one here in the morning and the last one to leave at night."

"Exactly. That's why I want you to discharge Whippleton."

The manager was about to carry out his order, but turned after he had taken two or three steps and asked:

"Have you caught Whippleton shirking? Does he get down to work late in the mornings?"

"No," the old man responded, "he's making me get up before daylight in order to keep on beating him here. I won't have it."—Chicago Times-Herald.

In Technical Terms.

A reporter fell on a slippery pavement the other day. He did not use "unparliamentary language," as some would have done, but bit his lips, rubbed down the bruises, and, with a benevolent smile radiating his countenance, remarked:

"We don't cherish any ill will, but for entertaining reading matter commend us to the obituary notice of the man who ought to sweep this pavement."—Tit-Bits

Rule That Works Both Ways.

"I have frequently observed," said the vegetarian, "that when a man lives on beef he becomes something like an ox; if he eats mutton he looks sheepish, and if he eats pork the chances are he will grow swinish."

"Perhaps you are right," said the turtle-fed alderman. "I have also observed that when a man lives on nothing but vegetables he is apt to be pretty small potatoes."—Chicago Evening News.

He—"I know better than to propose to a girl I can't get." She—"Do you?" He—"Yes; she might change her mind."—Town Topics.

Ayer's Pills

Look at your tongue! If it's coated, your stomach is bad, your liver out of order. Ayer's Pills will clean your tongue, cure your dyspepsia, make your liver right. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use
BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers
50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

WALES AND HIS SON.

Duke of York Is Not Half as Popular as His Father.

And All on Account of His Marked Respectability—Britishers Like the Prince Because He Is Somewhat Sporty.

It may sound paradoxical to say so, but the fact of the matter is that the duke of York's popularity is on the wane to a very marked extent, by reason of his respectability; in fact, there is reason to fear that, unless, just as a matter of policy, he involves himself in some scandal, or, at least, gets himself talked about in some more or less questionable fashion, he will become as unpopular as his grandfather, the prince consort, who was the best-hated and most bitterly-abused man in all England, until his premature death, when people at length commenced to realize the vast amount of good that he had accomplished during his quarter of a century of residence in England.

Britons are a queer race. Perhaps it is the sporting instinct that is latent in every breast, which causes them to dislike any man who shows a disposition to be tame and ultra-respectable. They seem to consider blamelessness on the part of a fellow-citizen, and still more so in the instance of a prince of the reigning house, as a species of tacit reflection on their own conduct.

Throughout Queen Victoria's reign there has been no more blameless premier than the great Sir Robert Peel, and never a more unpopular one. The prime minister, on the other hand, who was the idol of the people, and who was personally liked as much by his political foes as by the members of the party to which he belonged, was Lord Palmerston—"Old Pam," as they used to fondly call him—who, throughout his long and racy career, was implicated in all sorts of scandals of one kind and another, figured in numerous divorce

THE DUKE OF YORK.
(Oldest Son and Heir-Presumptive to the British Crown.)

cases and was, above everything else, a sport.

It is the same to-day in the case of the prince of Wales and of his son, the duke of York. The father is the most popular man in England, just by reason of the fact that he is known to be gay, and the reverse of either a puritan or a saint, whereas the son is unpopular just because he is looked upon as too safe, too sensible, too respectable, too conventional and too monotonously good. There is no talk of the duke of York ever going to the races, or to the theater on Sunday when abroad, nor of his attending little suppers with musical hall artists on Sabbath evenings, when in London. If he plays cards, society and the general public are ignorant of the fact, and he has never dreamt of permitting his name to become known as a patron of the stage—that is to say, of the feminine element thereof. The talk that there was at the time of his wedding about a previous secret marriage at Malta with the daughter of Admiral Sir Michael Sulme Seymour, has long since died out, and the gossip respecting his very mild flirtations with Princess Henry of Pless was made much more of in this country than in England. In fact, it never got into the English newspapers.

The duke's fellow-countrymen, says the Philadelphia Press, instead of being satisfied with conduct so altogether unexceptionable on the part of their future king, resented it. As stated above, they look upon it in the light of a sort of unspoken and priggish reflection in their own conduct. But what is more funny still, they denounce it as unfilial toward the prince of Wales. The duke, by his blamelessness, is held as holding himself up as a sort of reproach to the frivolities and moral shortcomings of his gay and jovial parent, and what has brought matters to a climax in the eyes of English people has been the spectacle presented by the duke's presence as the star royal guest of the duke of Richmond at Goodwood house (the duke being the principal magnate of the country and its lord lieutenant), whereas the prince of Wales was quartered for the races at West Dean park, a much smaller place of altogether third rank, as the guest of Mr. Willie James, one of the rich set and a newcomer in the county. The prince did not go to Goodwood as usual, because the duke refused to invite Mrs. George Keppel, whom he asked to meet him, and likewise because the atmosphere of Goodwood house is too excessively respectable and conventional to be anything else than dull, all games of hazard, such as baccarat, etc., being rigorously barred. That is why the prince went to West Dean park, where he had a delightful time, whereas the duke of York showed that he found the atmosphere of Goodwood house congenial, and by keeping close to his host and clear of his father at the races, indicated that he preferred the respectability of the old peer to the frivolity of his own father.

COFFEE TIPS.

How the First Plants Were Brought Over to This Side of the World.

A pretty story of the introduction of coffee into the western hemisphere is quite to the point since our new possessions have so bountifully produced it in the past, says the Philadelphia Record. There was a time when this "assisted emigrant," though so nobly self-supporting when it has the opportunity, was a tender slip and likely to perish of thirst. In 1714 Louis XIV. was presented with a single coffee plant for his botanical garden by an Amsterdam magistrate. It was nourished tenderly and in time slips from it were sent to Martinique—no doubt sub-rosa to the Dutch—the Dutch having long controlled the cultivation of coffee and guarded it jealously lest it be cultivated on islands not under their control.

On the way to Martinique the botanist in charge, the ship's supply of water getting low, shared his own daily allowance with the precious plants. Responding to his kindness, they were soon growing nicely in Martinique. In due time these slips produced their fragrant white flowers—they grow at the roots of the leaves—and these presently changed into berries, each with its two grains of coffee. From Martinique the coffee journeyed to Porto Rico and Cuba.

Now Porto Rico alone annually exports about $9,000,000 worth of this highly esteemed bean. The plant grows wild in some parts of Africa.

Sweet Sympathy.

A pretty story is told at Vienna about Archduchess Valerie, youngest daughter of the emperor. It seems that when traveling the other day from Linz to Vienna she noticed on the platform at Linz a 14-year-old schoolboy crying bitterly. She had the conductor bring the lad to her compartment and, finding that he was proceeding to Vienna to attend his father's funeral, she insisted on his traveling with her, paying the difference in his fare, as he had only a third-class ticket. During the trip she devoted herself to the task of comforting him, telling the boy, among other things, that she, too, had suffered much from the loss of a fondly loved parent, who had died suddenly in a foreign land. It was only when the boy reached Vienna and was leaving the train that he discovered that the kind lady was Archduchess Valerie.

Harness Traces of Steel.

A steel harness trace is one of the latest productions of Sheffield. A narrow strip of steel about an inch wide is incased in leather and used in the ordinary way; the steel is of the best quality and so pliable that it can be twisted.

HIS SINS FOUND HIM OUT.

The Checkered Career of a Man Who Founded a Bogus Diamond Mine in Arizona.

"I saw a reference the other day to the great Arizona diamond field swindle," said an old jeweler to a New Orleans Times-Democrat man. "It was sprung on the public just 30 years ago, and I remember the excitement it created. The originator of the scheme came from New Orleans. He was a brilliant man, a chemist, geologist and natural diplomat, but he lacked moral counterpoise. He and his associates procured a number of uncut stones from Holland, and 'salted' a canyon in the mountain south of the Gila river. Then followed the 'discovery' and the organization of a company and in a few months nearly $200,000 worth of stock was sold. It was several years before the exact character of the swindle was developed, and by that time the affairs of the company were so confused that nobody cared to undertake a prosecution.

"I saw the 'professor,' as he was called, at Ogden, Utah, in 1884, and he described the whole affair with great glee. Afterward he was mixed up in two other shady enterprises. One was a scheme for aging whisky and the other was a device for refining sugar by electricity. Both were fakes, but he made a lot of money out of them, and as usual escaped punishment. It was the old story, however; he went broke in the end and died a few years ago in the charity ward of a Chicago hospital. A good deal of the diamond mine stock was taken in New Orleans, and I dare say some of it is kicking around here to this day."

Arizona's Buried Cities.

A petition is to be presented to congress at its next session asking that steps be taken to protect against vandals the buried cities of a wonderful prehistoric race in southern Arizona. The ruins of an ancient temple at Casa Grande have been preserved by the creation of a government park, and congress will be asked to create a similar reservation embracing the best preserved remains of prehistoric cities in the Gila valley.

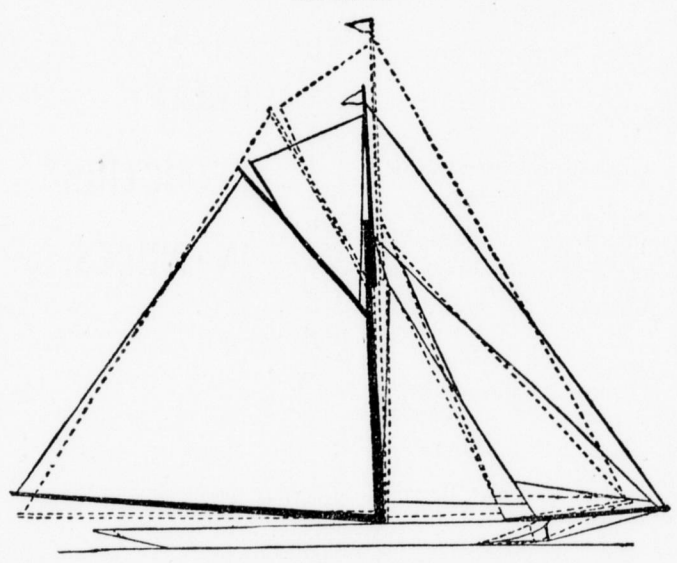
All are Negroes.

Oberton is a village in the Choctaw nation, Indian territory, of about 500 inhabitants, all of whom are colored. The postmaster is a colored man, the notary public is colored and there is a colored marshal. The town has not yet been incorporated, but likely will be soon, at which time the entire set of officers will be colored. There is considerable business enterprise among some of the people of the neighborhood, which comprises a circle of 15 miles.

DON JUAN ISIDRO JIMINEZ.

This is the gentleman who wants to be president of the Dominican republic. He was once the richest man in San Domingo, but when M. Heureaux was elected president of the funny little republic he informed the rich man that the country wouldn't hold two such big individuals. Jiminez knew what this meant and left San Domingo. When the Spanish-American war broke out the exiled capitalist began a little war of his own and invaded San Domingo with a strong expedition. He was not successful as a general, however, and then concluded to have President Heureaux assassinated. This job was recently performed in good shape, and civil war in San Domingo is now on.

COLUMBIA AND SHAMROCK COMPARED.



In the picture here given the Shamrock is shown in continuous lines and the Columbia in dotted lines. Shamrock's mast appears to be stepped about two feet further aft than Columbia's, and her bowsprit is considerably longer, the distance from mast to outer end of bowsprit being from five to seven feet greater. Her present boom is about the same length as Columbia's. The gaff, topmast and hoist of mainsail, on the other hand, are a few feet less than Columbia's, so that the sail plan is longer on the base line, but not so lofty as that of the American boat. She probably carries a larger spinnaker, larger head sails and a smaller mainsail. Sir Thomas Lipton states, however, that she is to carry a larger mainsail in the races on this side.

SURPRISED THEM.

Many Cubans Displeased at Census Proclamation.

LOOKED FOR A PROMISE.

Expected to Hear Something About Independence.

THE PROTECTORATE IDEA.

Ex-Consul General Williams States that the Most Influential Classes in the Island Look Upon this Proposition with Much Favor.

Havana, Sept. 2.—La Lucha, referring to President McKinley's census proclamation, says: "A careful study of the proclamation does not give, as some seem to think, reasons for ringing the bells. It is not a matter of any consequence that Secretary Root has made some ambiguous statements for the census inspectors. If the United States government desires, he will say anything.

Manuel Sanguilly in a letter to the Discussion says: "The census proclamation has been the cause of surprise and dissatisfaction. The first time the president of the United States speaks to the Cubans he speaks with the most stinging dryness. The proclamation is less the greeting of a friend than the disdainful order of a superior. Cubans would have welcomed brevity and even rudeness, if only the document was frank and explicit. Obviously it does not refer even remotely to the joint resolution of congress, which we had a right to hope would be referred to, nor even to the time when the military occupation is to cease. It is obvious from the proclamation that the United States government has some plan, though it is not clear that the plan includes the fulfillment of the joint resolution. Everything is reduced to a question of patience. Very probably congress will favor the independence of the Cubans and be disposed to give loyal aid to the president in all his undertakings in Cuba."

Carlos Cespedes says the Cubans in the city of Havana are false to their best friends, but that those in the provincial districts remain true to them.

Ramon Williams, former United States consul general here, thinks the idea of a protectorate is growing stronger every day. He believes the Nuevo Pais, the principal advocate of a solution of the Cuban problem through a protectorate, represents very largely the feeling of the influential classes.

Presented the Silver Service.

Boston, Sept. 2.—Gov. Bushnell, of Ohio, in behalf of the citizens of Marietta, presented a silver service to the gunboat Marietta at the Charlestown navy yard Friday. Gov. Bushnell was accompanied by a delegation of Marietta citizens. On reaching the navy yard the governor was received with a salute of 17 guns and under escort of marines proceeded to the dry dock in which the vessel lay, decorated with flags and bunting.

Would Not Run for Mayor.

Detroit, Sept. 2.—Gen. Alger, responding yesterday to an inquiry as to whether he would be willing to accept the nomination for mayor of Detroit this fall, said: "It would be a great honor for any one to be mayor of Detroit. However, I would not think of taking a nomination for mayor any more than I could think of taking a nomination for governor."

An Exodus from Johannesburg.

Johannesburg, Sept. 2.—This town is preparing for war. The inmates of the children's home are going to Natal. The town council is providing a three months' supply of food for the men and animals connected with the scavenging department. All the outgoing trains are crowded, and most of the prominent men have already left Johannesburg.

Deserted McLean for Jones.

Toledo, Sept. 2.—The Jones campaign committee yesterday received a telegram from the Washington county democratic delegation to the Zanesville convention, announcing that they will bolt McLean, and will not only vote but work for the election of Jones. The delegation promises the whole Washington county vote for Jones.

Yellow Fever in Indiana.

Indianapolis, Sept. 2.—The state board of health on Friday received a report of the death of a man at Vincennes from yellow fever. The man had lately returned from Cuba and though sick when he reached New York, was permitted to come on to this state.

The President Leaves Canton.

Canton, O., Sept. 2.—The special train bearing President and Mrs. McKinley steamed out of Canton at 9 o'clock last night. The train goes direct to Washington over the Pennsylvania lines.

Date for a Big Fight Is Fixed.

New York, Sept. 2.—Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey will fight for the heavyweight championship of the world at the Coney Island Sporting club on October 23. The Coney Island club offers 66 2-3 per cent. of the gate receipts with a guaranty of $30,000.

A Battle in Darkest Africa.

Brussels, Sept. 2.—News has been received here of sharp fighting between the Congo Free State troops and the Batetla natives, beyond Soncola. The rebels were driven out, with the loss of 100 men. The Congo troops lost 20 native soldiers.

A HOT ROAST.

Aguinaldo's Former Partner Scores the Insurgent Leaders.

Washington, Sept. 2.—Something akin to an insurgent round robin has recently come to the attention of war department officials in mail advices from Manila. This is in the form of a published letter from Isabel Artacho, who is described by the Manila paper as a man of importance, and the "former partner of Aguinaldo." His statement is made under oath and bears date of July 19. It is in part as follows:

"That the present rebellion, far from aiming at the true emancipation of the country, is carried on to gratify personal political ambitions, mean and spurious affectation in order to perpetrate with immunity, under the guise of a so-called political system established under the name of a republic, acts eminently barbarous, treacherous and despotic, and crimes unknown in the code of penalties throughout the world.

"That the present rebellion against the sovereignty of the United States, while having for its professed object the absolute independence of the people of the Philippine islands, is in reality a movement to bring the people under the most intolerable slavery—domestic slavery—and to place in the hands of an individual the sacred attributes of God—country—king. That the present rebellious movement does not have the support of the best elements of the inhabitants of the island, those who are free to exercise a wise and honest discrimination, for they recognize that instead of bringing them happiness and prosperity the assumption of independence will lead to self-murder, for the state of chaos that will result will bring misery and ruin to the people."

WORSE THAN SAVAGES.

French Officers in the Soudan are Accused of Horrible Barbarities.

Paris, Sept. 2.—The Matin publishes details of the investigation into the conduct of Capts. Voulet and Chanoine, charged with barbarous cruelties to the natives in the French Soudan, which led to the sending of an expedition under Lieut. Col. Klobb, after them. According to the paper the two officers mentioned, who were in command of a column of troops, began their work of barbarity by beheading a native who had declared he did not know a road about which he was being questioned. Subsequently Voulet captured 80 natives, of whom he killed 20 of the women and children, shot a soldier for wasting ammunition and burned a town of 1,000 inhabitants.

Chanoine, it is added, shot two of his men without trial for not pursuing a native who had wounded a soldier. He also burned a village and, having lost six men in an engagement, burned a village and captured 20 of the inhabitants, of which number he killed ten, placing their heads on pickets. It is further charged that Chanoine allowed his men to mutilate the bodies of the natives who were killed.

Bishop Jansen Backs Down.

St. Louis, Sept. 2.—Father Cluse, the German-American priest appointed rector of St. Patrick's Catholic church in East St. Louis despite the protests of its members, who are resting under the ban of excommunication, resigned Friday and Bishop Jansen accepted his resignation. Pending a decision by Mgr. Martinelli, in Washington, Bishop Jansen appointed Father Harkins, of St. Mary's parish, administrator of St. Patrick's. This appears to be a backdown on the part of Bishop Jansen, who persisted in appointing a German priest over an Irish parish.

Rioters Convicted.

Darien, Ga., Sept. 2.—The jury in the cases against Ben Dunham, James Willey, Marshall Dorsey, Louisa Underwood and Maria Curry, charged with rioting, has returned a verdict of guilty. The jury was out only 15 minutes. None of the rioters will be sentenced until the end of the session. Riot under the Georgia law is a misdemeanor, the maximum punishment being 12 months' imprisonment or $1,000 fine or both. The court will continue to sit day and night until all the cases are disposed of.

Prolongs the Suspense.

Pretoria, Sept. 2.—The volksraad has deferred the discussion of the correspondence exchanged between the imperial and Transvaal governments until Monday, when a motion regarding the presence of British troops on the Transvaal border will be debated secretly. Herr Fischer, the special envoy of the Orange Free State, has arrived here from Bloemfontein and is consulting with the government on the situation.

Big Deal in Oil Lands.

Toledo, Sept. 2.—One of the largest cash deals in oil leases and production ever consummated in Ohio was between G. Reusen, of New York City, and Taylor, Bryson & Co., of Wellsboro, N. Y. Reusen sold leases on 234 acres of land in Wood county with 17 wells, netting a production of 180 barrels a day, for $70,000 cash. There are locations for 20 more wells on the leases, and they will be put down at once.

Yaquis Twice Defeated.

City of Mexico, Sept. 2.—News from Yaqui country shows that the Indians have been again encountered by the Mexican troops under Gen. Torres and twice defeated and dispersed, taking refuge in the mountains where they are being pursued by the troops.

Quarantined Against New Orleans.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 2.—The state health department last night received information of one death from yellow fever at New Orleans yesterday. The state health officer at once ordered a rigid quarantine against New Orleans.

Six Hundred Lives Lost.

Yokohama, Sept. 2.—Six hundred lives have been lost by the flooding of a copper mine at Beshi, island of Shikoku.

IS NOT CHECKED.

Demand for Products Continues at High Mark.

THE BOOM OF ALL BOOMS.

Building Operations Progress on a Very Large Scale.

HAS NEVER HAD AN EQUAL.

Iron and Steel Industries Experience the Greatest Activity Ever Known and the Sales of Boots and Shoes are the Largest on Record.

New York, Sept. 2.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: The astonishing feature is the magnitude of demand, notwithstanding prices which would ordinarily check it. In products directly consumed by individuals, the larger employment and better wages of the working force give explanation. Efforts to meet the demand call for more stores, manufacturing works, machinery and facilities for transportation. The occasion promises quick profits, the building is largely for the future, and it goes on in spite of unusual prices.

Demand exceeds the supply of Bessemer pig, again raising the price for that to $22.50, southern foundry to $18.20 at Pittsburg, with heavy sales and grey forge to $19. Structural shapes were advanced $5 per ton a week ago, cut nails 25 cents per keg this week, plates $2 per ton, common bar iron to $1.87½ at Pittsburg, and tool steel to 7 cents. Few works can promise delivery before December and most of the heavy contracts placed have been for next year's delivery.

Recent advances in boots and shoes and leather do not prevent large business, and hides have slightly risen at Chicago. Shipments of boots and shoes from Boston, 5.7 per cent. larger than in any other year to date, were 14.1 per cent. larger than in August than in any other year, and 24 per cent. larger than in 1892. Buyers press for early delivery, manufacturers refuse many orders and some already have contracts farther ahead than they wish.

Sales of wool have been moderate for the week. Mills have strong demands for goods, and clay worsteds have further advanced. In cotton goods demand exceeds supply and many kinds have advanced, although the material has declined.

Wheat has declined mainly because reports of injury in the northwest have been discredited. Enormous exports of corn have caused a decline of one cent in price.

Business failures for the week have been 141 in the United States, against 171 last year, and 25 in Canada, against 22 last year.

Seven Victims of an Explosion.

Manistee, Mich., Sept 2.—The boiler in Chapman & Sargent's bowl factory at Copemish, 30 miles north of here, exploded yesterday, killing three men and fatally injuring four others. The dead are Charles Handy, Perry Melafonte, George Estabrook. The fatally injured are Oliver Sanders, Robert Peterson, Charles Taylor, Howard Ketcham. The building was totally wrecked, debris being scattered for 80 rods around. Handy, who was the fireman, was found with his head blown completely off. The other men were working at the machines in the mill when the explosion occurred. All but three of them leave families.

Five People Drowned.

Bridgeport, Conn., Sept. 2.—One man and four children, three girls and one boy, were drowned at Black Rock while sea bathing. The dead: Elijah Middlebrook, an ice dealer of Easton; May Middlebrook, 14 years, his daughter; Tony Koehler, 14 years, of Easton; Ethel Hitt, 11 years of Bridgeport; Florence Hitt, 14 years, her sister. The five victims with Andrew Koehler, father of the drowned girls, were spending the day at Black Rock, near the mouth of Ash creek. While in bathing they all got beyond their depths. Koehler and Hitt succeeded in getting ashore.

A Good Day for Dreyfus.

Rennes, Sept. 2.—Friday was a very satisfactory day for Dreyfus. The Beaurepaire witness, Germain, who was to prove that Dreyfus attended the Alsatian maneuvers, found his statements denied by a reputable witness, while Germain himself, it was proved, underwent two convictions for swindling. This was the only testimony against Dreyfus, the remainder of the depositions being in his favor, several of them being very weighty.

Public Debt Statement.

Washington, Sept. 2.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business August 31 the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,157,306,555, a decrease as compared with July of $4,281,116. This decrease is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand.

Boiler Explosion Kills Five Men.

Pittsburg, Sept. 2.—A boiler explosion at the Republic iron works shortly before daylight Friday killed five men and seriously injured seven others. A fire which broke out after the explosion added to the horror. The mill was partly wrecked and the entire plant had to close down.

Circus Train Wrecked.

Toiner's Station, Tenn., Sept. 2.—A train bearing Cooper's circus was wrecked here Friday by the burning of an air brake hose, and 12 persons were injured and circus property and animals scattered in all directions.

Cameron County Press.

ESTABLISHED BY C. B. GOULD.

HENRY H. MULLIN,
Editor and Manager.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Per year.....$2 00
If paid in advance.....$1 50

Political Announcements.

All Announcements under this head must be signed by the candidate and paid in advance to insure publication.

County Commissioner.

Having lived in this county nearly all my life and never having asked for, or held, a county office, I have taken this opportunity to offer myself as candidate for County Commissioner, subject to decision of the Republican County Convention.

DELOS BURLINGAME.
Sizerville, Pa., Feb. 20, 1899.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

Judge of Supreme Court,
J. HAY BROWN, Lancaster.
Judge of Superior Court,
JOSIAH R. ADAMS, Philadelphia.
State Treasurer,
LT.-COL. JAMES E. BARNETT,
Washington County.

While it never snows in the Philippines, Aguinaldo is sure to have his "cold day" just the same.

Senator Quay seems to have a few friends left in Pennsylvania, even if his course fails to meet Wanamaker's approval.

Ohio politics seems to be somewhat mixed, but it is a safe bet that General Coxey will be found on the side where the butter for his bread is most plentiful.

Secretary Root is considering a plan for modifying the Porto Rican tariff in order to do most good to the producers of the island without reducing the revenues too much.

By attacking the defenders of the American flag in the rear, the democratic anties may think they they are helping Aguinaldo, but they will certainly not help themselves or their party.

The democrats should hasten to get M. Bertillion on their staff. He would doubtless be able to make a diagram showing that Mr. Bryan wrote the Declaration of Independence, and thus afford needed inflation to a collapsing boom.

Under the careful and ecnomical administration of the War Department, Cuba not only met all her obligations for the first six months of 1899, but there was a surplus of $1,480,021. Still better results may be expected as the time goes on.

The Republican party will not shrink from the faithful discharge of the new duties that we owe to the civilized world and especially with the Philippinos themselves. Those duties were not of our seeking, they came as the culmination of events which human agencies could not control or direct. The United States would have gladly escaped these responsibilities had such been possible, but recognizing that we cannot honorably retreat, will carry the matter to a successful conclusion.

More Work, More Wages, More Appetite.

The advance in the price of meets of all kinds affords opportunity to Free-Traders for some remarks about trusts and the Tariff, and they are harping on it with their customary rashness. To the average man who stops and thinks a moment the explanation of this increase in price is easy. It is explained by the simple fact of increased consumption. Earning more money in the shape of wages than ever before, the American people are eating more meat per capita than ever before. Ours is a meat eating nation. No other nation consumes anything like so large a proportion of animal food. While the wage earners of Europe consider themselves lucky to get meat once or twice a week, the American workingman and his family eat meat three times a day the year round.

With more work, more wages and more appetite the American workingman in these days of Protection and Prosperity has greatly increased his meat diet, with the result that usually follows an increase of demand and consumption—namely, an increase in price. It is a condition peculiar to the present period. Nothing of the kind occurred during the four years of Free-Trade Tariff reform, 1893-'97. Then there was no advance in food prices because of increased consumption. On the contrary, the prices of nearly all foodstuffs sufferered a decline because of diminished demand and consumption. People ate less meat, less of everything in those dreary four years. The demand for agricultural products fell off enormously and prices fell off accordingly.

It is estimated that the farmers of the United States in the four years of Free-Trade Tariff legislation suffered an aggregate loss of fully five billions of dollars by reason of diminished consumption and decreased values of farm products. What work people of this country lost through diminished employment and decreased earnings in that same distressful period can scarcely be computed. In any event they are so much the gainers through present conditions that they would not welcome a return of the lower food prices and the accompanying conditions of Wilson Tariff times.—American Economist.

MUCH BUSINESS.

WE ARE DOING IT NOW WITH OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

A Remarkable Grand Total of Exports to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines for the Fiscal Year of 1899.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—Exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines were, according to a statement prepared by the Treasury bureau of statistics, larger in the fiscal year just ended than in any preceding fiscal year in the history of our commerce with those islands. Even the reciprocity years 1892. 1893 and 1894, in which the exports from the United States to Cuba and Porto Rico were greatly increased, do not show as large a grand total as does 1899, with all the disadvantages of war conditions which prevailed in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines during a part of the year.

To Cuba, the total exports for the year do not reach the large figures of the two full fiscal years 1893 and 1894, in which the reciprocity treaty with Spain was in operation, and to Porto Rico the total exports of 1899 were slightly less than in 1892 during three-fourths of which the reciprocity treaty was in operation, or 1894, in all of which it was operated. To Porto Rico the total exports of the fiscal year 1899 are nearly 25 per cent in excess of the average annual export during the preceding decade; to Cuba, they are nearly 50 per cent. greater than the average during the preceding decade; to Hawaii they are more than twice as much, and to the Philippines more than three times as much as the average annual exports during the preceding decade. These figures, it is proper to add, do not include the exportations to the islands in question by the Government either for the use of its troops or in ald of the temporarily destitute.

While the total imports into the United States from these islands are not as large as in earlier years of the decade, this is due solely to the fact that they did not have the supplies for exportation, this being especially true of Cuba, whose sugar plantations and works were so largely destroyed during the war with Spain. That our imports from these islands are rapidly increasing, however, is shown by the fact that those from Cuba in the year 1899 were 66 per cent. greater than in 1898; those from Porto Rico, nearly 50 per cent. greater than those of the fiscal year 1898, and those from the Philippines nearly 20 per cent. in excess of those of last year, while those from Hawaii show a slight gain over last year and an increase of 30 per cent over the fiscal year 1897.

The following table shows the exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, separately, in each year from 1889 to 1899:

Year.	Cuba.	Porto Rico.	Hawaii.	Philip'es
1889...	$11,691,311	$2,224,931	$3,375,661	$179,647
1890...	13,084,415	2,297,538	4,711,417	122,276
1891...	12,214,888	2,155,234	5,107,212	124,572
1892...	17,953,570	2,856,003	3,781,628	60,914
1893...	24,147,698	2,510,607	2,827,668	154,378
1894...	20,125,321	2,720,508	3,306,187	145,666
1895...	12,807,661	1,833,344	3,723,057	119,255
1896...	7,530,880	2,102,094	3,985,707	162,446
1897...	8,259,776	1,988,888	4,690,075	94,597
1898...	9,561,656	1,505,946	5,907,155	127,804
1899...	18,615,707	2,685,848	9,305,470	404,171

The following table shows the total exports from the United States to Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii and the Philippines, combined, in each year from 1889 to 1899:

1889.....	$17,471,550	1895.....	$18,483,517
1890.....	20,215,646	1896.....	13,781,127
1891.....	19,611,906	1897.....	14,761,336
1892.....	24,652,115	1898.....	17,102,561
1893.....	29,650,346	1899.....	31,011,196
1894.....	26,297,482		

Millions Given Away.

It is certainly gratifying to the public to know of one concern in the land who are not afraid to be generous to the needy and suffering. The proprietors of Dr. King's New Discovery have given away over ten million trial bottles of this wonderful medicine; and have the satifaction of knowing it has absolutely cured thousands of hopeless cases. Asthma, bronchitis, hoarsenese and all diseases of the throat, chest and lungs are surely cured by it. Call on L. Taggart, druggist and get a free trial bottle. Regular size 50c. and $1. Every bottle guaranteed, or price refunded.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4th, 1899.

President McKinley returned to Washington, Saturday afternoon, but left to-day for Philadelphia, to attend the annual encampment of the G. A. R. He kept so thoroughly in touch with all important public matters during his absence that he found only routine business on his desk when he returned. He had informal talks with all the members of the Cabinet, except Secretary Long, who is not in the city, and there was a regular Cainet meeting to-day. He also heard a verbal report by President Schurman, of the Philippine Commission. He anticipates a pleasant time at the encampment owing to the large number of old friends he will meet there.

Commissioner Evans of the Pension Bureau completed his annual report before leaving for the G. A. R. encampment, and copies of the document will probably be distributed among the veterans. There is more or less talk of the probability of an attack being made upon Commissioner Evans' method of administering the Pension Bureau, in the report of the G. A. R. committee which made an investigation several months ago, and which will be submitted to the encampment; but Mr. Evans is confident that the Committee's report will show that he administered the laws properly, and that if there is any censure, it will be of the laws and not of him. The report of the Commissioner recommends the repeal of the law granting arrears of pensioners; he also recommends that the law shall be strictly enforced which requires every pension agent to prepare and mail to each pensioner whose pension is payable at his agency, a voucher fifteen days dreceeding each quarterly pension day. The report says that during the present fiscal year, the arrears of work will be greatly diminished and that all claims will be made practically current. The report also expresses satisfaction with the work accomplished during the year, and says; "The work is in far better condition than at any time since I assumed charge of the Bureau, and it is believed that further progress will be attained by the system that has been instituted in the different divisions. No new rules of evidence have been introduced, but the work has been accomplished under prescribed rules of many years standing."

Uncle Sam did pretty well for a summer month, in August, which is usually dull in official as well as in private business. The Treasury receipts were $8,150,000 more than they were in August of last year, and the surplus for the month was $4,455,862. The amount of gold in the Treasury is larger than ever before, the exact figures being $248,757,971. These figures tell their own story of the prosperous condition of the government and the country, and in the face of such a story, how ridiculous is the claim now being made by some Democrats, that the Democrats have a chance to carry the country next year. To accept such a claim is to impeach the intelligence of the voters of this country, who have too vivid a recollection of Cleveland times not to appreciate a good thing when they have it, and to vote for its continuance.

The most talked of event in political circles just now, is the buying of the Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, by Mr. John R. McLean, whose actual residence is in Washington, but who has large property interests in Ohio corporations, and who is also the owner and nominal editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer. Republicans, including President McKinley, do not regard the nomination of McLean as an important factor in the gubernatorial campaign, because they believe that it has been from the day of the nomination of Judge Nash by the Republican convention of Ohio, only a question of how many majority he would be given—there has never been and is not now the slightest doubt of his election. But the Bryan Democrats are in almost a state of panic. They do not trust McLean. They believe that he has secured this nomination as a a part of the plot to defeat Bryan for the Democratic presidential nomination next year. They are too badly frightened to talk publicly, but among themselves they are talking as hard as they can, and the wires have been kept hot with messages to the Bryan leaders, and to Mr. Bryan himself, containing plans to head off McLean's ambition. That Mr. McLean is a multi-millionaire everybody knows, but why he should be willing to spend any portion of his millions to get the empty honor of a Democratic nomination for Governor of Ohio, the Vice-Presidency, or even the Presidency, is something beyond the comprehension of ordinary mortals. But he has already made a start in lavish expenditures for a very empty honor, and that is what is worrying the Bryanites.

Secretary Root hopes and believes that the situation in Cuba will warrant the holding of municipal elections not later than next May.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents a box. For sale by L. Taggart.

v34-n2-1y

NOTICE.

A large black bull came to my barn at the W. N. Y. & P. Junction on Sunday night. Owner can have same by paying for this notice and expense of keeping the animal.

FRED BLISS.
Emporium, Pa., Aug. 29, 1899.—27-3t

Shippen School Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that the School Directors of Shippen township will receive bids, at the Warner House, on Saturday, Sept. 16th, 1899, at one o'clock, p. m., for the conveying of school children on Clear Creek.

N. S. CUTLER, President.

Attest:
G. W. VAN WERT, Sec'y *pro tem.*

CHARTER NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Monday, September 18th. 1899, under the act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations, approved April 29th, 1874, and the supplements thereto, for a Charter of an intended corporation to be called the Driftwood Water Company, the character and object of which is to supply water to the Borough of Driftwood, Cameron county, Pennsylvania, and to such persons, partnerships and corporations residing therein and adjacent thereto as may desire the same, and for these purposes to have and possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

H. L. LARK, Solicitor.
August 24th, 1899.—26-4t

BOARDING HOUSE.

707 VINE STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA., OPPOSITE FRANKLIN SQUARE.

Cameron county people visiting Philadelphia will find this a convenient and central location. Terms $1.00 per day. Reference, by permission, to PRESS office, Emporium.

MRS. S. B. KING.

No. 7-26t

Allegheny College

Founded in 1815

Good Traditions. Strong Faculty. Unsurpassed Location. Expenses Reasonable.

Fall Term opens September 19th. Catalogue sent free of charge to any address on application to

President Crawford,
Meadville, Pa.

H. A. ZARPS & CO.,
THE
Fair Store,

Will sell all

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED PRICES
to close out stock.

Special bargains in

LADIES SHIRT WAISTS AND WRAPPERS.

The largest and most handsome line of China and Glass Goods to be found in this section of the state. Anything you want in this line.

JORDAN BROS.,

No 43, W. Fifth St.,

We carry a complete line of
Staple and
Fancy Groceries,
Dry Goods,
Salt and
Smoked Meats,
Fruit in Season,
Tobacco, Cigars,
Confectionery
and
School Supplies.

We would be pleased to have you call and inspect our stock whether you purchase or not.

Goods delivered anywhere in town free of charge.

JORDAN BROS.

THE PRESS IS
THE BEST MEDIUM
FOR ADVERTISERS
IN THIS SECTION. LOW PRICES

$8,500.00.

The entire stock of

H. C. OLMSTED

Amounting to $8,500, consisting of

Dry Goods,
Dress Goods,
Carpets,
Lace Curtains,
Shoes, Etc.,

Has been assigned to me and must be sold as speedily as possible.

GREAT BARGAINS IN ALL LINES.

Your Opportunity

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,

ASSIGNEE.

D. E. OLMSTED,

NEAR ODD FELLOWS HALL.

In preparation for the fall trade we shall make

GREAT REDUCTIONS IN PRICES.

And give an opportunity for customers to make purchases of needful goods, and so save the great advance which is sure on

Fall Goods.

COME EARLY.

D. E. Olmsted,

EMPORIUM, PA.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN
CURES CONSTIPATION.

THE PEOPLE'S
Clothing House
is closing out
Summer Clothing
and
Furnishings,

At greatly reduced prices to make room for Fall Goods.

Remember the place.

JASPER HARRIS,

PROPRIETOR.

Metzger Block, Opp. Post-office.

EMPORIUM, PA.

Get an Education

An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of

Central State Normal School

LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., PA.

Handsome buildings perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog.

JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal.
Central State Normal School,
LOCK HAVEN, PA.

Blend most softly and play most effectively over a festive scene when thrown by waxen candles.

The light that heightens beauty's charm, that gives the finished touch to the drawing room or dining room, is the mellow glow of

BANQUET WAX CANDLES

Sold in all colors and shades to harmonize with any interior hangings or decorations.

Manufactured by
STANDARD OIL CO.
For sale everywhere.

J. A. Fisher,
PRACTICAL
Horse Shoer,
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.

R. C. DODSON,
—THE—
Druggist,
EMPORIUM, PA.

IS LOCATED IN THE CORNER STORE.
At Fourth and Chestnut Sts..
THE CORRECT THING.

Uncle Sam has his hand in now and may be depended on to deal our correct medicine. Such medicines as all druggists know bring about the result sought for. They include nothing but the pure article and if compounded the way they are put together enters into their efficacy. Medicines need conserving and looking after. Many deteriorate with age; these must be destroyed and new obtained. This is one of our special cares. It will pay you to get this sort of service.

R. C. DODSON.

EMPORIUM
MILLING COMPANY.

PRICE LIST.
Emporium, Pa., June 15, 1899.

NEMOPHILA, per sack,	$1 20
Graham, "	60
Rye, "	60
Buckwheat, "	65
Patent Meal, "	40
Coarse Meal, per 100,	95
Chop Feed, "	95
White Middlings, "	1 00
Bran, "	95
Corn, per bushel,	53
White Oats, per bushel,	40
Choice Clover Seed, Choice Timothy Seed, Choice Millet Seed, Fancy Kentucky Blue Grass,	At Market Prices.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Contributions invited. That which you would like to see in this department, let us know by postal card, or letter, personally.

B. W. Green is visiting at his Tioga county farm.

J. M. Davison is now night clerk at the Warner House.

M. Blodget, of Sinnemahoning, was in town on Tuesday.

Col. J. O. Brookbank, of Driftwood, was in town on Monday.

V. A. Brooks, of Sinnemahoning, was in town on Wednesday.

S. E. Murry has fitted up his new plumbing establishment in fine shape.

Mrs. R. C. Dodson visited friends at Toronto and Niagara Falls last week.

Miss Edith Murry is now bookkeeper in her brother's plumbing establisment.

Geo. J. LaBar and Joshua Bair attended the G. A. R. encampment at Philadelphia.

Geo. W. Bupp, of Emporium made a business trip to Port Allegany Wednesday.—Reporter.

John Lind, the merchant tailor, accompanied by his wife are visiting in Buffalo this week.

Mr. E. S. Bode, of Ithaca, N. Y., spent Saturday and Sunday with G. A. Walker and family.

Dr. Rieck wheeled to Smethport on Sunday. Fritz Seger accompanied him part of the way.

Miss Collins, county Supt. of schools, visited in Emporium on Monday and favored the PRESS with a call.

Mr. and Mrs Thos. Gallagher are taking in the sights at Philadelphia this week and visiting relatives.

Mrs. Decker, of Ridgway, attended the funeral of A. L. Pepper, last Monday. She is Mr. Terwilliger's sister.

Supt. Roberts and family, of Renovo, came up to Emporium last Tuesday and transacted business at J. B. Schriever's photo studio.

W. L. Sykes and family, of Buffalo, spent Sunday in town. They have purchased a residence at Galeton and will move to that place.

Geo. A. Walker and Josiah Howard and thirty-four other business men were entertained by William Howard, on Monday, near North Bend.

Mr. A. L. Reed, of Oil City, one of the proprietors of the Enterprise Mills, transacted business in Emporium on Monday. He also called to see the PRESS.

O. S. Peters and W. L. Thomas viewed the G. A. R. parade in Philadelphia on Tuesday. They are highly pleased with what they saw.

Walter Thompson has a new breed of pheasants called "Gallolly" on exhibition at his barber shop. This one was treed by Dalrymple's dog and shot by Harry Lloyd.

Mrs. J. C. Beldin, of More Hill, presented ye editor with some delicious apples grown on their hill farm. She also left with us a tomato, weighing one pound and fourteen ounces.

Delos Burlingame took in the Wellsville fair.

Miss Goldie Lyons is visiting friends in Austin.

Mrs. Chas. Zarps has been quite ill this week.

Supt. Brady is in Philadelphia today on business.

Rev. Shriner and wife are enjoying a visit to Toronto.

Miss Esther Chew returned to her home at Bradford on Monday.

S. T. Howard and family visited Mrs. M. A. Rockwell over Sunday.

Jos. Housler is up from Lock Haven visiting his friends and relatives.

Frank X. Blumle and wife, are taking in the Toronto fair this week.

Miss Florence Card left last Friday to visit her parents in Olean, N. Y.

Miss Mary Robinson, of this place, is attending Normal at West Chester.

Mrs. J. M. Gillan and child of Philadelphia, are visiting Dr. Smith and wife.

Miss Ada Collins, of Huntley, is shopping and visiting friends in town to-day.

A. L. Ensign is erecting a residence near Portage bridge, below the Junction depot.

Mrs. Carrie Spence visited her broth Harry Ness and family at Johnsonburg over Sunday.

Mr. Alfred Bastress, of Shamokin, Pa., was guest of Mrs. M. E. Mayze and family, on Monday.

Daley Murphy, of Pittsburg, is the guest of his uncle Michael, at the Commercial Hotel this week.

Misses Mayo and Biggins, of Eldred, were in Emporium Monday evening, enroute to Philadelphia and West Chester.

John T. Olmsted, of Coudersport, was the guest of Emporium relatives Friday, enroute to Dickinson Seminary at Williamsport.

The Misses Jennie and Jessie Norris and Mrs. Borland, of Kane, were the guests of Miss Edith Hurteau, Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Clara Olmsted and Anna Metzger, assisted as bridesmaid at the Robertson-Larrabee wedding, at Port Allegany yesterday.

Mrs. Geo. Metzger, Jr., and mother, Mrs. R. M. Overhiser, attended the Robertson-Larrabee wedding at Port Allegany, on Wednesday.

Mrs. E. C. Davison, and daughter Mary accompanied by Ralph are visiting in Chambersburg a few days after which Ralph will return to school.

Mrs. Fowler, of Oshkosh, Wis., who has been visiting her cousin Fred Julian and wife, at this place left yesterday for Buffalo to visit her brother, J. R. Waters.

Don M. Larrabee, of this place, acted as groomsman at the wedding of his cousin, Miss Pauline R. Larrabee, to E. A. Robertson, which took place at Port Allegany yesterday.

Henry Haupt and Geo. Walker, Jr., visited Port Allegany last Monday and arranged for a game of ball between Star Hose Company and Mountaineer Hose Company teams, at Port Allegany, Friday, Sept. 15th—the last day of the fair.

Our old friend Jack Swope, of Emporium, was a welcome caller at the Press office, while in town on Thursday. "Jack" was our next door neighbor once; and our firm friend always.—Port Allegany Press.

O. S. Peters and ex-County Treasurer W. L. Thomas returned from Philadelphia yesterday morning and report Elias Peters greatly improved, with very favorable chances of his entire recovery. He is in the German Hospital.

On August 28th, Mr. Michael McCarthy received the sad news of the death of his sister, Miss Allie A. McCarthy, at her home at Hamilton, Ont. Michael left on the above date to attend the funeral which took place on Tuesday. Mr. McCarthy returned home on Friday.

Henry Auchu returned on Tuesday from a visit to Montreal, where he placed his daughter in school. While Mr. Auchu is a native of Canada he is a loyal and patriotic American and says he felt good when he saw so many American flags displayed in the procession of laborers at Montreal on Monday—it being Labor Day.

Mr. Harry Ness, formerly of this place, but for several years in the employ of the B. R. & P. R. R. Co., at Johnsonburg, has accepted a more lucrative position with that Company, at Allegheny City, Pa., and left on Sunday last to enter upon the discharge of his duties. He expects to move his family to that place in a few weeks.

V. A. Brooks, of Sinnemahoning, was doing business in Austin Tuesday, and made this office a pleasant call while in town.....Miss Louise Floyd has returned to her home in Sinnemahoning.....A. J. Haskins an old and esteemed resident of Cowley Run, died at his home on Thursday last, after a lingering illness. Deceased was 61 years old and had been a resident of that neighborhood for many years. Funeral was held at the residence on Saturday last, and interment at Sizerville, Pa.—Austin Autograph.

Cameron.

Tom Carney is on the sick list.

School opened Tuesday morning with about thirty pupils enrolled.

Fred Cooley left for his home in Brookville last Thursday.

G. B. Shearer visited the county seat Tuesday.

Sam Ebersole was a visitor to our town Saturday.

Isaac Wykoff and his bark runners had business in Emporium Saturday.

Ed. Morse, of Emporium, was visiting relatives in town Sunday.

Elihu Lewis, of Emporium, was a caller in town Tuesday.

George Wallace left Tuesday morning for Dents Run where he has charge of the lath mill at that place.

JOE.

Notes and News.

Read the financial statement of Emporium borough, published in this issue.

Your word is your servant as long as you retain it, but it becomes your master when you suffer it to escape.

Last Friday, C. B. Howard & Company shut down work at five o'clock in honor of the late Chas. B. Howard's anniversary.

As to sleeping in church, people go there for conscience's sake, and what shows better than quiet sleep that the conscience is all right?—Ex.

M. T. Hogan is considering plans for the erection of a two-story building, 25x60, on his present location, to be occupied by himself as a store.

"You may fire when ready, Gridley," the order which Admiral Dewey gave to the commander of the Olympia when he opened the fight in Manila bay, will be flashed on the face of the Palisades, opposite Harlem, when Dewey comes home.

A splendid way to write advertisements is to imagine a customer standing before your counter. Put in your advertisement exactly what you would say were she standing face to face with you.—Grocery World.

This is how Bill Nye wrote an advertisement offering for sale his cow: "Owing to my ill-health I will sell at my residence, township No. 19, range 18, according to government survey, one plush raspberry cow, aged 8 years. She is a good milker and is not afraid of cars or anything else. She is of undaunted courage and gives milk frequently. To a man who does not fear death in any form she would be a great boon. She is very much attached to her present home by means of a stay chain, but she will be sold to any one who will agree to treat her right. She is one-fourth short horn and three-fourths hyena. I will also throw in a double-barrel shotgun which goes with her. In May she usually goes away for a week or two and returns with a tall red calf with wabbly legs. Her name is Rose. I would rather sell her to a non-resident."

Spreads Like Wildfire.

You can't keep a good thing down. News of it travels fast. When things are "the best" they become "the best selling." Abraham Hare, a leading druggist, of Belleville, O., writes: Electric Bitters are the best selling bitters I have ever handled in my 20 years' experience." You know why? Most diseases begin in disorders of the stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, blood and nerves. Electric Bitters tones up the stomach, regulates liver, kidneys and bowels, purifies the blood, strengthens the nerves, hence cures multitudes of maladies. It builds up the entire system. Puts new life and vigor into any weak, sickly, run-down man or woman. Only 50 cents. Sold by L. Taggart, druggist, guaranteed.

A Word to Mothers.

Mothers of children affected with croup or a severe cold need not hesitate to administer Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It contains no opiate nor narcotic in any form and may be given as confidently to the babe as to an adult. The great success that has attended its use in the treatment of colds and croup has won for it the approval and praise it has received throughout the United States and in many foreign lands. For sale by L. Taggart, druggist. Sept.

The oyster season is now here.

The Cure that Cures
Coughs, Colds, Grippe,
Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis and Incipient Consumption, Is
OTTO'S CURE
The GERMAN REMEDY
Cures throat and lung diseases.
Sold by all druggists. 25&50cts

R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

PATENTS DESIGNS TRADE-MARKS AND COPYRIGHTS OBTAINED
ADVICE AS TO PATENTABILITY FREE
Notice in "Inventive Age"
Book "How to obtain Patents"
Charges moderate. No fee till patent is secured. Letters strictly confidential. Address, E. G. SIGGERS, Patent Lawyer, Washington, D. C.

Greeting

We are having a big trade in groceries and meats, the biggest we ever remember.

WHY?

Because we do business on business principles. We cater alike to the masses and carry a line of goods to suit the purse of the poorest or the fastidious taste of the richest.

We carry a complete line of Groceries and Meats and the quality is always the best.

Give us a call.

Alex. McDougall,
Groceries and Meat.
Emporium, Pa.

S. E. MURRY,
PRACTICAL
PLUMBER, GAS
AND
STEAM FITTER.

I have recently added an entirely new line of Plumbing Goods to my already large stock. I handle and keep constantly in stock

GAS AND
STEAM FITTINGS,
SEWER PIPES,
GAS STOVES, ETC.

My store room is well supplied with Bath Tubs, Wash Stands, Gas Lamps and anything required in my trade. Contracts taken for all lines of work; satisfaction guaranteed. Write me when you have any work in my line. Out of town orders promptly attended to.

S. E. MURRY.

Carefully

AT DAY'S

The ruling idea is to provide what the people want at prices consistent with quality of goods and service rendered

CAREFUL CONSIDERATION

Is given this in all things and especially in Spices, Flavoring Extracts and Vinegar.

ABSOLUTE PURITY

And full strength is needed to make Spicing and Pickling successful.

Can you afford to use anything but the very best goods to be had for this purpose? The season for their extensive use is here. We have the goods.

AND OUR GUARNTEE

That they are as represented, with each article sold.

White Pickling, Pure Cider and Malt Vinegar. Herbs, Spices, whole or ground, seeds for seasoning. Extracts.

Telephone 6.

J. H. DAY,

Fourth St., Emporium, Pa.

NEW DEPARTURE
BY
M. A. ROCKWELL,
The Fourth Street Druggist,

The Sanitary Still. . . .

I have recently purchased and placed in my Drug Store one of the popular and greatly endorsed Sanitary Stills, manufactured by THE CUPSEGRAPH CO., of Chicago, Ill. There is no process of filteration which will purify water. Nature's process of vaporizing water and cooling it into refreshing showers of pure rain water is repeated by the Sanitary Still in our store. We distill all water used in both our Prescription Department and Soda Water Fountains.

PURE WATER,
PURE DRUGS,
PURE SODA WATER.

Purity is our Motto.

M. A. ROCKWELL,
P. O. Building, Emporium, Pa.

Summer Tailoring.

Beautiful Summer Goods for Gents Suits, at

R. SEGER & CO.'S,
Opposite M. E. Church, Emporium, Pa.

SUITS FROM $12.00 TO $30.00.

IT'S DIFFERENT

THE NORTH AMERICAN
(PHILADELPHIA)

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it prints all the news, and all the news it prints is true.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it's bright and brisk, up-to-date and vigorous, but not yellow.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because its only policy is to tell the truth. It has no covert or personal interests to promote. It serves no political ambition, no creed, no class prejudice, no mere partisan purpose.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it advocates equal taxation and battles against the existing system, which favors the rich corporation at the expense of the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer and the wage-earner.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it stands for Republican principles, and makes war upon all who, under the stolen name of Republicanism, are disloyal to those principles.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it believes manhood and not money should rule. Therefore it upholds the rights of all, as against the aggressive power of the privileged few.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because no boss, no corporation, can control one line of its space.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it is non-sectarian and broad; every party, every faith, every class, and the workingman equally with the millionaire, gets a fair hearing in its columns.

IT'S DIFFERENT, because it upholds faith in humanity, and the progress of mankind toward higher ideals, larger hopes and better living.

ONE CENT Everywhere

IT'S DIFFERENT. It will continue to be different. Watch The North American and see it grow.

The Place to Buy Cheap
—IS AT—
J. F. PARSONS.

KEELEY CURE.
LIQUOR AND OPIUM HABITS.
removes all desire and appetite, builds up the system, gives health and vigor, brightens the intellect and fits one for business.
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE
Established in WILLIAMSPORT, PENNSYLVANIA.
The Keeley Institute, 412 to Fifth Ave. Pittsburg, Pa.

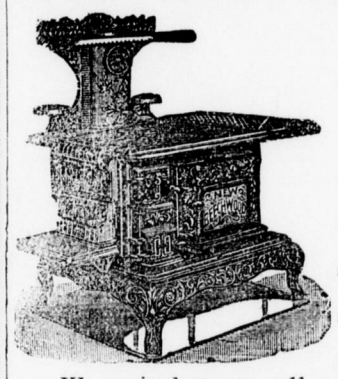
v33no42-ly.

DR. CALDWELL'S SYRUP PEPSIN CURES INDIGESTION.

LEADING HARDWARE HOUSE!

We extend our compliments to the citizens of Cameron and adjoining counties for their rapidly and increasing patronage. We would invite all to see our large display of GENERAL HARDWARE and BUILDERS' MATERIAL. We would call especial attention to our

COOKING, HEATING AND GAS STOVES



Comprising the best in the world. Our old and popular Store is headquarters for many useful articles and house-keepers should call and see what we have.

We again desire to call attention to our OIL and GAS STOVES. The Ladies delight.

THE WELSBACH LIGHT.

This popular light the great gas saver, is growing in popular with our people. All who desire to economize in gas bills should use these burners. Call and see them.

WALKER, HOWARD & CO.

THE GUEST.

Down in the wild green wood
My love in thoughtful mood
  Went wandering.
Come, watch ye how the wood,
Weary of solitude,
  Gives welcoming.

Shade for her bright, young head,
Sun-woven, is straightway spread;
Bloom for her skirts to brush
In passing, and the plush
Of red moss for her feet,
And many a scented seat
With violets overgrown;
And myriad music, blown
From many a hidden nook,
Music of bird and brook,
Of wind and whispering flower;
While many a ferny bower,
The sweet of the woodland, waits
To open its dewy gates
For her blithe entering.

Into my quiet heart
With bright, unconscious art,
  My love came wandering.
Come, watch yet how my heart,
Weary of life apart,
  Gave welcoming.

Love for her fair young head
Its shelter straightway spread,
And Joy marked, cool and sweet,
A pathway for her feet.
Radiant—still—she came,
All unconfessed in name,
Where no strange foot had crossed,
Into the innermost
Sweet citadel of mine,
A visitant divine.
Then I, her worshiper,
In honor throned her,
And Time and Care come not
Unto the quiet spot
  Where we are tarrying.

—Mildred McNeal, in N. O. Times-Democrat.

[Copyright, 1896, by D. Appleton & Co. All rights reserved.]

SYNOPSIS.

Master Ardick, just reached his majority and thrown upon his own resources, after stating his case to one Houthwick, a shipmaster, is shipped as second mate on the Industry, bound for Havana. Mr. Tym, the supercargo, descries a sail. The strange vessel gives chase, but is disabled by the Industry's guns. In the fray one of the crew is killed and Houthwick is seen to fall. The captain is found to be dead, but the Industry is litttle damaged. Sellinger, first mate takes charge and puts into Sidmouth to secure a new mate. Several days later, when well out to sea, an English merchantman is met, whose captain has a letter addressed to Jeremiah Hope, at Havana. The crew of the vessel tell strange tales of the buccaneer Morgan, who is sailing under the king's commission to take Panama. One night a little later, the English vessel having proceeded on her course, a bit of paper is slipped into Ardick's hand by one of the sailors. This is found to be a warning of a mutiny plot headed by Pradey, the new mate. Ardick consults Mr. Tym. They resolve to secure the mate, but Pradey, eavesdropping in the cabin, makes through the door and arouses the crew. Capt. Sellinger joins Ardick and Tym. The crew break through the now barricaded door, but are forced to retire, having lost seven of their number. Finding themselves now too short-handed to manage the boat, Pradey decides to scuttle and desert the vessel, taking his men off in the only available boat. The captain, supercargo and second mate soon discover their plight, but hastily constructing a raft get away just before their vessel sinks. The next morning a Spaniard draws near them. The man in the rigging shouts: "If you would board us, take to your oars. Be speedy, or you will fall short." On board they are sent forward with the crew, being told they will be sold as slaves on reaching Panama. The ship's cook they find to be Mac Ivrach, "frae Clagvarloch," so a friend. Four days later the Spaniard is overhauled by a buccaneer flying the English flag. The three Englishmen and Mac Ivrach plan to escape to the buccaneer on a rude raft. Sellinger, the last to attempt to leave the Spaniard, is disabled. Just after the others put off they see a figure dangling from the yard arm, whom they suppose is Capt. Sellinger. Hailing the buccaneer, our three friends find themselves in the hands of their old mate, Pradey. He treats them kindly and offers to do them no harm if they will but remain quiet concerning the mutiny he headed. The Black Eagle, Pradey's ship, comes to Chagre, Cuba, which town they find Morgan has taken under the English flag. From her the Black Eagle with Morgan's fleet proceeds to Panama. The command consists of about 1,200 men. Having landed, they march on the city. The assault on the city is begun. Many of the buccaneers fall, and Ordick is wounded. Through the smoke he sees Pradey approaching. Thecity at last falls. Ardick, coming to, finds Tym had rescued him from the murderous hand of Pradey by killing the villain. The Spanish flag has been hauled down from the castle and the men allowed to plunder the city at will. Mac Ivrach spies a figure coming toward them, and exclaims: "The gaist o' the captain." It is indeed Sellinger. He recounts his late adventures, then he leads them to the rescue of Don Enrique de Cavodilla, who had been kind to him on the Pilanca, the Spanish vessel on which he had been a prisoner. Flight is the only course open to the don, his wife and daughter (Dona Carmen.) They just manage to leave the building when Capt. Towland comes to claim the dona as his prize, under the buccaneers' rule. Mr. Tym parleys to gain time for the flight of his party, then allows the men to enter. Seeking shortly to join the don, they come upon his dead body. They also find his wife has been slain and the young dona taken prisoner to the castle, and immediately conceive a bold plan for her rescue. They soon discover her exact whereabouts, and amid the carousals of the men, manage to again free her and escape in a small boat. The third day out a sail is spied which they raise rapidly, their craft having little speed, but the wind soon fails both vessels, and a small boat is put out from the stranger.

CHAPTER XIX.—CONTINUED.

"We will hold on steadily and yet without tiring ourselves," said the captain. "The farther we can draw those fellows from the ship the better, especially since the wind may by and by spring up."

This was clearly wise, and we went on to carry out his plan, the boat astern of course continuing to gain.

"We had best stop rowing," said Sellinger finally. "In fact, I am a bit blown. Unship oars, Mac Ivrach, and prepare to put your breath to another purpose."

"It is time we armed," said Mr. Tym, rising. "Ardick, you will have to explain the matter to the senorita, which is a harsh duty, but may not be avoided. She must be cautioned as to lying low when the bullets begin to fly."

"It is almost worse than the fighting to tell her," I said, with a sigh, "but, as you say, it must be done."

I stepped along to the cuddy accordingly, and in a tone which I made as commonplace as I could spoke her name.

She instantly answered and parted the curtain.

I pitied her so that I could not easily command my words, but after a moment managed to explain what had happened. She bore the news better than I had feared, though the color very quickly left her cheeks.

"I will obey you, senor," she said, as I finished. "I know that you and your companions are brave and will beat off those cruel men, if it be possible. You would have your weapons, and I will fetch them."

With this—to my surprise, for I had not thought her such a heroine—she brought the swords and pistols and handed them to me.

I praised her spirit, and she faintly smiled, lifting her dark eyes for a moment to mine. I helped her from the berth, and as my companions were waiting, and this was no time for sentiment, turned back to them with the weapons.

We fell to loading the pistols, and Dona Carmen, after a long look at the approaching boat, sat down quietly on one of the neighboring thwarts.

It was idle to deny the desperateness of our situation. A well-armed boat's crew to contend against, and we numbering only four, and of those but three well skilled in arms! To be sure, Mr. Tym was an astonishing fighter, and I understood the use of the sword better, perhaps, than any but two or three of Morgan's entire force, but yet this was only a circumscribed matter, and one quickly altered by a well-aimed pistol shot. Yet two advantages we did have, though both were small compared with the fearful odds. This was, first, the better target that the enemy must present as he drew nigh, and, secondly, the freer play we should have for our swords when it came to the final melee.

The buccaneers' boat drew on apace, and at last began to cut a clear shape, as she rose on the swells and we got the measured flashes of her oars. It was now time that Dona Carmen should retire (for there was no telling how soon the opening bullet might fly), and I crossed over to her and told her so, she consenting, though with a long breath and a sad little clasping of her hands that seemed to be most pathetic. I said what I could to hearten her (God knows it was little, and that, with the best resolution I could muster, but hollowly spoken), and returned to my former place, my spirits lower, I think, than at any time since the buccaneer had hove in sight. There were still a few last things to be done, such as to make a bunt of the sail, and run the boom up out of the way, and to lay the oars along forward, and these, with no more than a word or two, we did.

By this time the coming boat was almost within pistol shot, and, bows-on though she was, we could make out something of her size and the number of her crew. She seemed to be an ordinary ship's longboat, nigh as big as the sloop, and by such a view as we got, when she fetched her downward tilt, contained not fewer than 14 or 15 men. Some of these were in armor, as we saw by a broad gleam here and there, but the greater number wore no defensive gear, though now and then there might be a simple headpiece or patch of breast harness.

It continued to grow, and shortly I could resolve the figures of the men, and could perceive a quicker play of light on their arms and harnesses, which I took to mean that they were making some stir of preparation. A bit nearer, and the fellows in the bow began to screw their heads about and look over their shoulders, and as the stern uptilted on a swell I perceived one man rise and fetch a long stare at us. They were yet too far off and the boat too unsteady to be sure of faces, but I took this person to be Towland.

I glanced at Mr. Tym, wondering whether he was for giving some challenge or hail, but it seemed not, or else he would be waiting a little longer, for he made no sign.

The man that I had taken to be Towland now sat down, but with the strokes that immediately followed the boat had drawn some fathoms nearer, and with that, as it seemed of a sudden, the different faces on board came out. The man in the stern sheets was indeed Towland, and besides him I perceived Capt. Blyte, Paul Cradde and several of the different gangs.

There was now no time to lose if we would in any sort parley, for they were almost upon us. Indeed, I had already looked for some opening shot, which perhaps only a fear of harming Lady Carmen had deterred them from giving. Nevertheless Mr. Tym continued as before, each hand holding a pistol, and his air unmoved.

Of a sudden the bow of the approaching boat began to swing. As the long side gradually opened up the oars were lifted and hung dripping, and the heavy craft forged sluggishly down upon our quarter. Towland bent forward then, and in his harsh voice shouted:

"Sloop ahoy!"

Whereupon Mr. Tym rose quietly to his feet.

"'Board the boat!"

"Do you surrender?"

"What will you do with us if we comply?"

"We will carry you back, and Morgan shall judge you."

"And what," pursued Mr. Tym, calmly, "will you do with the lady?"

Towland appeared to hesitate. "She shall not need to complain," he said at last. "If you will know, Capt. Blyte and I mean jointly to care for her."

"A very pretty plan," rejoined Mr. Tym, and he almost smiled. "Nevertheless I fear it will not do. It may be the lady is something over particular."

Towland stood like a great iron statue for a moment, as though hardly able to credit this audacious answer. Then he turned and made a swift sign. Instantly the fellows at the oars let fall and gave way.

"Now!" cried Mr. Tym, whirling upon us. "Up and fire!"

Promptly enough we responded. As Towland gave his sign we thrust forward our weapons, steadied them while one's pulse might give a single beat, and fired.

"Down!" shouted Mr. Tym again.

We all dropped, and no sooner so than five or six pistols banged in response, and at least one ball buried itself with a spiteful chug in the boat.

We scrambled up, drawing our swords and remaining pistols, and as the smoke lifted were able to see what we had done.

Both bow oarsmen were gone and in a little space amidships, piled up in a shining kind of bundle, was one of the fellows in armor. All passed, as it were, at a glimpse, for the smoke was hardly up and we ready in our places before the other fellows at the oars gave a few furious tugs, and their bow came churning up to our quarter.

We stood fast with our last pistols, and as the oars rattled in and the boat's nose forged past, we fetched swiftly to bear and let go.

Some one shouted, and I thought there was a crash, as though at least one fellow had gone down, but before the smoke had fully cleared their bow ground along our side and the boat's length of them balanced themselves for the spring aboard.

From here I lose nigh all but my own personal part of the business. I know that the nearest fellow came first to Mr. Tym, and received a swift understroke that whipped the whole side of his neck open, and thereupon fell backward, and I believe also that the next man made a fierce but ill-judged thrust at the captain, but beyond this I have no clear thought of the general doing.

CHAPTER XX.

OF THE END OF OUR DESPERATE FIGHT.

As for my own personal faring, the first that seemed to happen was that a red-faced man came suddenly before me, and that he clapped his foot on the gunwale of his boat and made a fierce slash at me.

I met the blow with a strong guard, and thereupon, very swiftly stooping, I gave a darting kind of thrust, upon which my weapon was checked somewhere in him and he dropped out of sight. Then a blow—luckily not heavy—lighted on my headpiece, and the flash and smoke of a pistol shot half blinded me, and the next that comes clear is that I was struggling to free my arm from some one's grasp, and that I felt a hard knock on my breastpiece, as though a sword or dagger point had struck there.

I made a full recovery of my senses with that. It was the negro Gabriel who was gripping my sword arm, and he it was who had dealt me the blow (doubtless aimed at another spot) that I had taken so luckily on my cuirass. No one else seemed to be striving with me, and indeed the negro himself was between me and most of the others, he having forced me, it seemed, back toward the rail. There was no time for aught but desperate action. My left side was swung away, and in my left hand was still my dagger. I had not forgotten a certain trick, learned alongshore, and, without in the least struggling to free my arm, I set my feet suddenly, fetching us both to a standstill, and before he could in the least guess my purpose I let fly a low but powerful kick. I cannot say whether the shinbones of a negro are of the tenderness that is said, but I do know that Gabriel gave an agonized yell and instantly released my arm. His hand was already lifted, with his knife in it, but that business went with the pain, and he let go the weapon and ran ducking backward, cradling the leg in his locked fingers. I stayed not to give him time to recover. My sword now free, I made a quick dash and let go a vengeful thrust. The point took him fair in the midst of his broad breast, and he gave a kind of bellow and thrashed instantly forward and to the deck. So quick and peculiar was his fall that I had no time to withdraw my blade, and it snapped short off close by the hilt. Considerably dismayed, for it was a poor time to be disarmed, I let fall the useless hilt and jumped backward. I had scarce alighted when something gave a hard bump and rolled to my feet, and thereupon uncurling—I can describe the motion no otherwise—I perceived it to be the maimed and bloody figure of Towland. He was no more than before me when there came a surge of tangled fighters, both Mr. Tym and the captain in the midst, and like a straw before their impact I was flung staggering back, whereupon, bringing up at the rail, I could not, despite a desperate scramble, save myself, and went over backward into the water!

Notwithstanding the headlong manner of my falling and my heavy cuirass, I came pretty quickly to the surface. I was too good a swimmer to be easily put about by such a mishap, and therefore swallowed no water except at first, and made the strokes that returned me to the surface with measurable composure. The sloop had already drifted three or four fathoms away, and I could therefore get the range of her deck, which I did in a kind of desperation, little doubting that I should behold the worst.

To my passing great amazement, while Sellinger and Mac Ivrach had disappeared, Mr. Tym still maintained the struggle. He had fought his way to the forward deck, and, brought to bay there, was steadily holding off the whole crowding pack!

Yet a moment of this, for of course it could not last. Paul Cradde and Blyte made a furious rush. Blyte went down under a lightning-like thrust, but Cradde seized Mr. Tym round the waist and flung him heavily to the deck. The other wretches gave a yell and began to swarm up, and with that—forgetting even my own desperate case—I cried out and closed my eyes.

I opened them again, when there was a great shout, followed by a hard banging of steel, and on staring that way I saw the uprisen and bloody figure of Capt. Sellinger, his sword in his hand, and three of the buccaneers in full retreat before him. I looked hastily to see what had become of Mr. Tym, but to my surprise he was still lying where Cradde had flung him, Cradde himself being nowhere to be seen. It was all barely before my eyes when the three buccaneers, as though recovered from their panic, and ashamed of flying before one man, fetched to a halt, and with a few heavy cuts and thrusts forced the captain to a stand. I tried to rally my wits, for it was surely time I was taking my part in this business, and, with a few paddling strokes, striving to come to the strength and naturalness of my limbs, I let out toward the sloop. I had little fear of being shot at by the three buccaneers, even if they noticed me, for, as they were using only their swords against the captain, it was clear they had no loaded firearms, and, besides, the volleys of the entire company had all along been light, as though none but the leaders had been provided with pistols. This, indeed, I had already guessed the cause of, Towland and Blyte fearing for the safety of Dona Carmen.

I pushed on boldly, then, only fearing lest the captain should not hold out, and gradually drew toward the dipping stern of the sloop. She had drifted some little distance away in the time that I had been in the water, and, with my heavy armor and wet clothing, I could make but slow progress, so that it was some seconds before I was finally close. In that time the captain saw me, as did the buccaneers, and while the former gave a joyous shout and waved his sword, the three men swore and looked irresolutely at one another.

"Fling me the slack of the sheet," I called out, as I came under the stern. I perceived there was no time to waste.

Here was a moment of anxiety, for now the sight of the deck was entirely cut off, but after an instant the end of the sheet came snaking over and dropped by my side. I caught it eagerly and gave a strong pull, which showed that it was fast, and began to draw myself up.

Now, indeed, I was hard put to it, for not only was I on the rack mentally, but the physical strain of lifting my wet and armored body from the water was almost more than my weakened muscles would stand. Once I was on the verge of slipping back, but, with a desperate and almost savage struggle, I thrashed my leg around the line and got a turn which stayed me. Again up I crawled, and at last I could reach an arm over the rail. Now I thought I heard a step along the deck, and quickly following this there was a loud splash, and with that the boat leaped and rocked. I hung fast and stared anxiously up, and thereupon, to my infinite relief, Capt. Sellinger looked down upon me.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Criminal Bric-a-Brac in Paris.

Relics of great crimes in Paris are not placed in a government museum, nor are they retained within the archives of the prefecture de police; they are exhibited for a few days and are then knocked down to thehighest bidder. Many Parisians, and foreigners, too, residing in Paris, have large collections of this bric-a-brac de crime. The government shop in the Rue de Ecoles, where the grewsome objects are exposed for sale occasionally, has a curious lot or two to offer any would-be purchaser. Up to the present, however, pieces of human anatomy have not figured in the catalogue, but there was recently offered for sale a gentleman's ear in an excellent state of preservation, as the auctioneer remarked, owing to its having been kept in spirits of wine. The ear belonged to one named M. Deloyer, and was bitten off by an adversary in the course of a street row. Deloyer recovered from the effects of the injury. The article was finally knocked down for five francs. A heavily muffled man in the audience was supposed to have been the original possessor of the ear. He continually managed to raise the bid at a doubtful moment, but he was not able to buy in the article, which finally went to a M. Lafage.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

An Aristocrat.

Broncho Bill—Since Pistol Pete dug up that tree the boys hung his father on and planted it in his front yard he's got awful proud.

Tenderfoot—Proud? What is there about that to make him proud?

Broncho Bill—Why, he's now the only man in town with an authentic family tree.—N. Y. Journal.

Well Equipped.

"Papa," said the beautiful girl, "George and I are two souls with but a single thought."

"Oh, well, don't let that discourage you," replied her father, kindly. "That's one more than your mother and I had when we were married."—Brooklyn Life.

Not an Idle Boast After All.

Hewitt—Gruet said when he went to New York to study art that he would be heard from some day, but he hasn't been heard from.

Jewett—Oh, yes, he has; his father hears from him two or three times a month—every time he gets "broke."—N. Y. Journal.

Force of Habit.

Kitty (musingly)—Why does a man always tell a girl she is the only one he ever loved, I wonder?

Jack (absently)—Force of habit, probably.—Town Topics.

Plenty of Leisure.

"My grandparents married in haste."

"And did they repent at leisure?"

"Oh, yes, both lived to be over 90."—N. Y. Truth.

CHARLES M. SHELDON.

Known the World Over as the "Story-Telling Preacher," and Revered by Thousands.

From a desire to preach every-day Christianity in an entertaining form, Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, of the Central Congregational church at Topeka, Kan., wrote the story, "In His Steps; or, What Would Jesus Do?" each chapter being used by the author as a Sunday-evening sermon. In 1891 Rev. Mr. Sheldon wrote his first sermon story, entitled "Richard Bruce." Since then he has written 11 other serial sermons, which have all been published in book form, and "In His Steps" is said to have had the largest sale of any story ever printed, having reached a sale of over 3,000,000 copies. This book has been

REV. CHARLES M. SHELDON.
(Known as the Story-Telling Preacher of Topeka, Kan.)

translated into German, Swedish, Norwegian, French, Spanish, Armenian, Russian and even dialects of western Africa. It was not copyrighted in England, and over 20 English publishing houses have issued editions of the book. The success of this book and the publicity he has received by being the author are almost embarrassing to Rev. Mr. Sheldon, who is by nature a modest man who avoids notoriety. He refuses to talk for publication, or to enter the paid lecture field. He has refused flattering offers to lecture at home and abroad under the management of lecture bureaus, but accepts offers to lecture, without remuneration, before the Christian Endeavor and Chautauqua societies. Rev. Mr. Sheldon, says Leslie's Weekly, is about 41 years of age, and was born in Wellsville, N. Y. At an early age his father, also a minister and former missionary among the Indians of the northwest, removed to a farm in Dakota, and his son received his early education there. Rev. Mr. Sheldon was graduated from Phillips academy, Brown university, and Andover Theological seminary. In 1886 he spent a season in England studying the poorer classes, and returned to take charge of a church in Waterbury, Vt., where he remained a year before going to Topeka. Although he is a retiring man he is ever ready and willing to lend his voice in advancing his ideas. He is a firm believer in municipal ownership of public utilities, and while he will take no hand in party politics he speaks during local campaigns upon this subject alone.

THE AMERICA CUP.

Trophy for Which the Columbia and the Shamrock Will Race on or About October 3.

It is just 48 years since the trophy for which Columbia and Shamrock will race came into possession of American yachtsmen. During all of that time the United States has proved its superiority in the building and sailing of yachts. The Royal Yacht club of Great Britain,

THE AMERICA CUP.
(Trophy for Which the Columbia and Shamrock Will Race.)

secure in its belief that it would never pass from British hands, put the cup up as a prize to be competed for by all nations in 1851. It was a splendid piece of audacity for John C. Stevens, of New York, at a time when American yachts could almost be counted on one's fingers, to take his schooner America across the Atlantic and enter it against the crack English boats. America won, although it took it from 9:55 a. m. to 8:35 p. m. to sail about 60 miles, its leading apponent being 20 minutes behind it. The cup which it brought back was given to the New York Yacht club, and since then has been a challenge trophy. Ten times the British have crossed the Atlantic and competed for it, and each time their representative has been beaten.

Alcohol for Motor Cars.

The majority of motor cars in France are now driven by petroleum, but a French engineer recommends the use of alcohol instead, and motors are being altered so as to consume that fluid. There is no fear of explosion with alcohol, and it is said to be less costly than petroleum.

$500 Reward

The above Reward will be paid for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the party or parties who placed iron and slabs on the track of the Emporium & Rich Valley R. R., near the east line of Franklin Housler's farm, on the evening of Nov. 21st, 1891.

HENRY AUCHU, President.

38-tf.

FINE LIQUOR STORE
—IN—
EMPORIUM, PA.

THE undersigned has opened a first-class Liquor store, and invites the trade of Hotels, Restaurants, &c. We shall carry none but the best American and Imported

WHISKIES, BRANDIES GINS AND WINES,

BOTTLED ALE, CHAMPAGNE, Etc.
Choice line of
Bottled Goods.

IN addition to my large line of liquors I carry constantly in stock a full line of
CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

Pool and Billiard Room in same building. CALL AND SEE ME.

A. A. McDONALD,
PROPRIETOR, EMPORIUM, PA.

F. X. BLUMLE,
EMPORIUM, PA.
Bottler of and Dealer in
BEER,
WINES,
WHISKIES,
And Liquors of All Kinds.
The best of goods always carried in stock and everything warranted as represented.
Especial Attention Paid to Mail Orders.
EMPORIUM, PA.

GO TO
J. A. Kinsler's,
Broad Street, Emporium, Pa.,
Where you can get anything you want in the line of
Groceries, Provisions,
FLOUR, SALT MEATS, SMOKED MEATS,
CANNED GOODS, ETC.,
Teas, Coffees, Fruits, Confectionery, Tobacco and Cigars.
Goods Delivered Free any Place in Town.
CALL AND SEE ME AND GET PRICES.
NEAR P. & E. DEPOT

EMPORIUM
Bottling Works,
JOHN McDONALD, Proprietor.
Near P. & E. Depot, Emporium, Pa.
Bottler and Shipper of
Rochester Lager Beer,
BEST BRANDS OF EXPORT.
The Manufacturer of Soft Drinks and Dealer in Choice Wines and Pure Liquors.
We keep none but the very best Beer and are prepared to fill Orders on short notice. Private families served daily if desired.
JOHN McDONALD.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE IN CHICAGO & NEW YORK AT THE OFFICES OF
A. N. KELLOGG NEWSPAPER CO.

COOKING VEGETABLES.

A Few Rules Whose Observance Will Add Materially to the Pleasures of the Table.

It is a well-known fact that beans, lentils and split peas do not boil soft in hard water. The sulphate of gypsum, the salts of lime, coagulate the casein which these seeds contain. In some cases, however, the solvent power of pure soft water is so great that it destroys the firmness, color and skin of green vegetables and allows their juices to be extracted in the process of boiling. It is especially true of beans and green peas. Therefore, hard water, instead of soft, should be employed in these cases. A tablespoonful of salt added to a gallon of soft water hardens it immediately. Eminent French authorities say use one tablespoon of carbonate of ammonia for producing the same results.

If green vegetables are wilted, soak them for more than an hour in pure cold water.

String beans usually need to boil for 45 minutes. The addition of a small bit of salt pork will generally minimize any rank flavor and will improve them. When done, drain thoroughly, season with salt, pepper and butter.

Turnips, carrots, cabbage and onions should be boiled in a great deal of water and taken up immediately and drained when sufficiently done; overcooking destroys the taste, and too little water will allow them to turn dark in color.

New potatoes are the best baked.

A very little sugar added to tomatoes, squash, peas, corn, beets and turnips will improve them.

Turnips will cook more quickly when cut into thin slices — otherwise they will need to cook a long time.

Cauliflower should be tied in a net to prevent boiling to pieces.

Summer squash should be steamed and not boiled.

Put a piece of bread the size of an egg into a cheesecloth bag and drop into a pot of boiling greens to absorb the odor.

A little pinch of cayenne dropped into boiling cabbage, green beans, onions, etc., will lessen the disagreeable odor.

All dried leguminous vegetables, such as dried beans, peas, etc., should be put on in cold water, and when they reach the boiling point should be allowed to simmer until done.—Philadelphia Press.

TWO NEW COIFFURES.

English Women Are Simplifying Their Headdress, the French Are Complicating Theirs.

Here are two new styles in evening coiffures as they are worn by French and English women. In the first the hair is brushed back from the face a la

THE ENGLISH COIFFURE.

pompadour and finished in a soft, loose knot at the crown of the head. Tortoise and jeweled ornaments are used to make the coiffure effective.

The French headdress depends upon

VERY FASHIONABLE IN PARIS.

its complicated arrangement for its beauty.

The lower portion resembles in effect the popular figure eight twist, while the upper part is a clever combination of the Psyche and puff arrangement.

A Delicious Tomato Sauce.

Twelve large ripe tomatoes, chopped and strained through a colander; one large sweet pepper, chopped; three onions, chopped; one tablespoonful black pepper, one tablespoonful allspice, one tablespoonful cinnamon, one tablespoonful cloves, two cups vinegar, salt to taste; stir all together and put in jars. Will keep a year. Do not cork.

BATHING COSTUME.

The Amateur Mermaid Takes Her Daily Plunge in a Jaunty Suit of English Serge.

The amateur mermaid of midsummer is not a fabled being, but a charming reality. She gowns herself in becoming costumes of English serge, silk poplin or brilliantines; in fact any material at all that does not cling to the figure.

No fashionable bathing costume is minus its bloomers. These are of scant proportions and button above the knees in Turkish trouser fashion.

The skirt and bodice are combined in one piece upon a narrow band of corded silk ribbon or bengaline silk. A

THE AMATEUR MERMAID.

very pretty costume, and one that contrasts effectively with the white sand of the seashore, is developed in white English serge trimmed with bands of sea green brilliantine. The skirt drops evenly with the knee line and is faced with sea green wash silk.

The waist is cut on plain lines with a square neck finished with bands of green silk. The sleeves are very short puffs and are unconfined, many being of the opinion that bands around the arms, even though loose, prevent an absolutely free movement.

ODD WEDDING RULES.

Characteristic Customs That Prevail at Marriages in Norway, Sweden and Siberia.

Every country has its own particular regulations and ceremonies regarding matrimony. Wedding presents in Norway are not of the expensive but useless kind that they are with us. They consist of such things as pots and pans, plates and dishes, a feather bed, half a dozen sheep, a sack of potatoes, and so forth. Sir G. W. Dasent says that the Norwegians, in reference to marriage, as to other matters, put their best foot foremost and try to make the most of things generally. A lad went out to woo a wife. Among other places he came to a farmhouse, where the people were very poor, but they wanted to make him think that they were well-to-do. Now, the father had got a new arm to his coat. "Pray, take a seat," he said to the wooer, "but there's a shocking dust in the house." So he went about wiping all the benches and tables with his new coat sleeve, but he kept the other behind his back. The wife had one shoe much better than the other and she went stamping and sliding with it up against the stools and chairs, saying: "How untidy it is here; everything is out of its place!" Then they called out their daughter to come and put things to rights, but she had got a new cap, so she put her head in at the door and kept nodding and nodding, first to this side and then to that. "Well, for my part," she said, "I can't be everywhere at once." In this way the wooer was led to believe that he had come to a well-to-do household.

Many superstitions prevail in Sweden with regard to marriage. It is said that if a girl be fond of cats she will not be an old maid, as we should say, but have a bright day for her wedding. The Swedish bride sometimes wears a coronet of myrtle, or, when that is not procurable, of colored paper. Here, as in Norway and other countries of northern Europe, there is too much eating and far too much drinking at weddings. In Sweden the repasts on these occasions continue for hours. When asked to take your place at the table it is considered polite to make as stout a resistance as possible. During the repast a collection is made for the bride and sometimes also for the poor of the parish. In Siberia there is a good custom that a bride on coming to her husband's house has to give a dinner prepared with her own hands as a test of the education she has received. If she succeeds in gratifying her guests it is taken as a proof, not only of the young womans own excellence, but also as a recommendation of her whole family, by whom she was instructed so usefully.

How to Test Wheat Flour.

The genuineness of entire wheat flour may be tested by chewing a small quantity for a few moments. Raw flour made from the entire grain has a sweet taste and a rich, nutty flavor, the same as that experienced in chewing a whole grain of wheat, and produces a goodly quantity of insoluble gluten, while a spurious article tastes flat and insipid, like starch, or has a bitter taste consequent upon the presence of impurities.

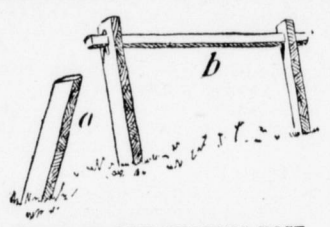
To Clean Jet Ornaments.

With a soft brush remove any dust and then apply a little oil on a piece of cotton wool, afterwards polishing with a leather.

COMFORT FOR STOCK.

Rubbing Post Placed Here and There in Shadeless Pastures Will Save the Fences.

In pastures where there are no trees or underbrush, stock will often rub against fences, causing considerable injury, particularly if the fences are made of rails or boards. If rubbing posts are provided this will be obviated to a certain extent, and the stock given considerable comfort. Two con-



FORM OF THE RUBBING POST.

venient forms are shown in the illustration. The one at a is simply a post set in the ground at an angle, and the one at b consists of two posts with a top piece. One of these posts must be considerably higher than the other, so that the upper piece will slope. The posts must be set firmly in the ground and the top piece mortised in; otherwise it will be broken off.—S. C. Millie, in Orange Judd Farmer.

THE SPARROW HAWK.

Investigation Proves That the Farmer Has No Better Friend Than This Persecuted Bird.

In many sections the sparrow hawk is recognized as a true friend of the farmer, though in others it is included in the general warfare waged by farmers and sportsmen against hawks of all descriptions. The value of the sparrow hawk lies in his habit of feeding on small rodents. He is a rapacious bird, and destroys great numbers of these farm pests; also grasshoppers. Farmers are slow to appreciate the value of birds of prey. If one young chicken is devoured by a hawk a year, the whole race is condemned and no account taken of the 500 mice and young rats he may eat during that period. Mr. W. B. Hall, of Wakeman, O., was county clerk while the Ohio hawk law was in force, and he issued 46 bounty certificates for sparrow hawks. He examined their stomachs and found them all to contain the remains of grasshoppers, beetles and meadow mice; not one held any signs of chickens. The investigations of the department of agriculture are more conclusive yet, showing hundreds of mice against every chicken.

STORY WITH A LESSON.

How a Tramp's Politeness Was Awakened by the Sight of a Model Creamery.

I will relate an amusing incident I saw happen in a creamery I visited a short time ago, writes G. B. Lawson in Creamery Journal. The creamery was as clean and neat as any could be. There was not a speck of dirt on the floor or about any of the machinery. The door opened and a tramp came in with muddy boots on. It was rainy at the time. He made one step on the inside and stopped, as soon as he saw the condition of the room, looked at his muddy feet, took off his hat and apologized for coming in in such a hurry with so much mud on his feet. If that creamery had been dirty and grimy, as some are, that tramp would not have stopped at the door and apologized, but would have gone in and gotten the buttermilk he wanted without looking at his feet. Brother Buttermaker, do you keep your creamery so clean that a tramp will stop at the door, take off his hat and offer an apology for coming in? If not, try it and see what a difference it will have on the looks of the place, and also on the quality of the product made.

Crescent Curculio Mark.

Wherever a fruit is stung by the curculio a crescent-shaped mark is left that gradually deadens the portion of fruit inclosed, so that the sap will not flow so freely. This deadening of the fruit will extend to the stem and loosen its hold. Inside this crescent mark the curculio egg will be found. It used to be supposed that the curculio could not lay its eggs without making this mark. It does not at least, but the two operations are entirely separate. Instinct teaches the "little trick" to deaden the skin in order to stop the flow of juices, which might flood and destroy the egg she is about to lay. This deadening of the skin causes the fruit to ripen prematurely, so that when the egg hatches the worm has ripened instead of green fruit to feed upon.

Germs in the Fore-Milk.

With regard to the number of germs present in the fore-milk, Prof. Harrison found that in the first few strains of milk removed from the teats they varied from 18,000 to 54,000 per cubic centimeter; while the numbers present in the remainder of the milk amounted to only from 890 to 4,800 per cubic centimeter. These figures clearly demonstrate how important it is that the first few drops of milk from each teat should be milked into a separate receptacle and subsequently thrown away, and should on no account be mixed with the bulk of the milk.

Any land that will grow a good crop of corn will grow berries.

ROADS NEED REPAIRS.

A Connecticut Law Wisely Provides That They Should Be Made Whenever Necessary.

As the state is preparing to spend nearly $200,000 a year for road improvements, including the salary and expenses of the commissioner and deputies, it is not only fit but absolutely necessary that provision should be made for keeping the roads so improved in good condition. Experience shows that many towns will not do this. From carelessness or parsimony they allow what has been made a good road to deteriorate from the moment the original work was completed, and nothing deteriorates much more promptly than a neglected highway. If the state has paid half or two-thirds the cost of the improvements it has ample ground for requiring that the towns it has aided shall use proper diligence to retain and continue the benefits of the state's contribution. In this sense the clause in this year's bill which directs the commissioner to see that proper repairs are made from time to time is the most important feature in it. It is founded in both justice and economy.

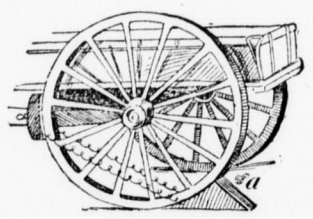
That the danger of neglect is no idle fancy is known to all who have looked into the results of road-building in Connecticut thus far, but it is opportune to quote a few lines from the Ansonia Sentinel on the subject because that excellent paper illustrates the position from the experience of its own bailiwick. It says: "This will compel the repairing of the roads which, owing to neglect and inefficiency, are fast becoming worthless, such as the road in Ansonia and Derby, laid two or more years ago."

Towns will have to remember that it is one thing to build roads because they can have half or two-thirds or three-quarters of the cost paid by the state, and quite another thing to undertake the responsibility of creating and maintaining good roads. The former phrase has described the situation thus far. Towns have been urged to vote roads so as to get "their share of the state appropriation." They could buy a road for half price or less, and so they were ready to do it. But every road builder knows that money so spent is wasted unless a continual annual outlay follows it. You might as well buy a steam engine and try to run it without constant care as to build a good road and leave it alone. Under the old system some roads have been built which would not have been touched if the condition for proper maintenance had accompanied the appropriation. No community which will not keep up its roads after it gets them cares enough about good roads to be helped in obtaining them.—Hartford Times.

RELIABLE BRAKE BLOCK.

Used with Success by the Teamsters in the Mountainous Regions of the Northwest.

A three-cornered block (a) of wood is fastened by chains or wired to the brake beam of a wagon so that it will drag on the ground about two inches behind one of the rear wheels of the



EFFECTIVE BRAKE BLOCK.

wagon. The driver stops to rest his team, and instead of applying the brake, the team is allowed to slacken its traces so the weight of the load will rest on the self-acting chock block. When the team starts again the team merely has to start the load instead of having to pull against the brake until it can be loosened.—Orange Judd Farmer.

FRESH DAIRY NOTES.

When milk is to be taken to the creamery do not mix the milk of the night and the morning even if it will save the use of one can.

The milk cow must be kept clean; the milkers must be clean at milking time; and the vessels in which the milk is put must be clean at all times.

Do not aerate the milk in the stable or in the lee of the stable. The air in which the milk is aerated must be pure, else the milk in being aerated will suffer more harm than the aeration will do good.

Milk for the creamery must be milk in its proper condition. The farmer that has permitted his milk to get into bad shape had better feed it to his hogs or poultry than attempt to haul it to the creamery where it will be likely to spoil a hundred other batches of milk.—Farmers' Review.

The Boiled Butter Business.

One of the worst and most insidious enemies of good cream butter is process or "boiled" butter. When butter becomes so bad and rancid as to be absolutely worthless for any purpose, it is melted to its original oil, treated with alkaloids, freed from volatile oil, re-crystalized, and then churned with sour milk to freshen it. This produces a thoroughly renovated and it is claimed wholesome butter with a good body which will easily show a butter fat content of 80 per cent. From a standpoint too of chemical analysis, it cannot be considered adulterated nor an imitation. The only protection the producers of good fresh butter have is to insist that this manufactured product shall be sold as renovated or boiled butter.—Journal of Agriculture.

Modern Fable.

A general who was conducting a war in a distant island wrote to the agricultural department of his government to ship him a ton of acorns. When asked what he intended to do with them he replied:

"There is no shade in our trenches, and the troops suffer from heat. A growth of large oaks will add much to the comfort of the men in the firing line."

He would have said more, but his attention was arrested by a burst of song from a neighboring jungle.

"Ah," he sighed, "that is a round robin!"

And he walked sadly away.—San Francisco Examiner.

Her Suggestion.

A five-year-old girl lost her pet spaniel, but regained it by means of an advertisement. Her Sunday school lesson was about the lost sheep, and she was very attentive. When her teacher finished speaking she said:

"Miss May, why didn't the shepherd advertise in the paper for the sheep?"—Philadelphia Times.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Smarting, Hot, Callous, Sore, and Sweating Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A Matter of Taste.

"I think I shall buy my husband a seat in the United States senate for a birthday present."

"How lovely!"

"Yes, it's either that or a diamond, and you know jewelry is not in the best taste for a man."—Detroit Journal.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Safe.

She—I think Dewey can be trusted to select a new admiral's uniform that suits him, don't you?

He—Oh, yes! It isn't as if he were a married man.—Puck.

The Nickel Plate Road, with its Peerless Trio of Fast Express Trains Daily and Unexcelled Dining Car Service, offers rates lower than via other lines. The Short Line between Chicago, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

Crushing the Old Man.

Purse-Proud Father—Can you support my daughter in the style to which she has been accustomed?

Complacent Young Man—I could if I were contented with it, but I hope to give her something better.—Somerville Journal.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The Druggist's Work.

There is a druggist in one of the suburban districts who advertises:

"The doctor prescribes; we execute."

Such advertising cannot fail to appeal to those who desire to be executed.—Boston Journal.

Hall's Catarrh Cure

Is taken Internally. Price 75c.

The Noble Animal.

Trader—Don't you want to sell that horse?

Farmer—Naw. I keep him extra, to haul broken-down automobiles back to town.—Indianapolis Journal.

Jennie Peacock—"He made the most horrible threat when I refused him." Jack Goldbons—"What did he say?" Jennie Peacock (sobbing)—"He said he should never propose to me again."—Judge.

Sea Terms.—Stout Party (to bathing master)—"Got a bathing suit to fit me?" Bath Robe Man (looking him over)—"I guess so. What's your displacement?"—Philadelphia North American.

An Incidental.—Hibbs—"See that striking-looking girl there? She married millions?" Hobbs—"Who's the insignificant-looking fellow with her?" Hibbs—"Oh, he's the man she married."—Philadelphia North American.

"Quigbee is a queer sort of a chap. He told me yesterday that when he feels particularly blue and melancholy he always sits down and reads a book of poems." "And when he gets hungry I suppose he sits down and reads a cook book."—Baltimore Jewish Comment.

They were barnstorming in Arizona. "Alas! we must starve," wailed the penniless heroine. "The wolf is already at the door." Instantly the sympathetic audience drew six-shooters. "Let him in, lady," said the spokesman; "thar's a bounty ov $12 on wolf scalps in this state an' we'll git it fur you."—Philadelphia Record.

Lariat Luke—"Well, how did Pilferin' Pete swing off?" Mexican Mike—"Say, there's a cuckoo. He kicked about the quality of the rope an' about the way the noose was tied—said he wanted flowers an' a quartette at the funeral, an' when Cayuse Charley went near to see ef he wuz dead, Pete tried to kick him."—Ohio State Journal.

Mrs. Nabor—"Wasn't that your husband I saw running at breakneck speed toward the station awhile ago?" Mrs. Tartar—"It was; I sent him posthaste to the city for something my dressmaker needs to finish my gown to-day." Mrs. Nabor—"Do you think he will catch the train?" Mrs. Tartar—"He'll catch it if he don't."—Richmond Dispatch.

A Letter to Mrs. Pinkham Brought Health to Mrs. Archambo.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 42,395]

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—For two years I felt tired and so weak and dizzy that some days I could hardly go around the house. Backache and headache all the time and my food would not digest and had such pains in the womb and troubled with leucorrhœa and kidneys were affected.

"After birth of each child I grew weaker, and hearing so much of the good you had done, I wrote to you and have taken six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, one box of Lozenges, one box of Liver Pills, one package of Sanative Wash, and today I am feeling as well as I ever did. When I get up in the morning I feel as fresh as I did when a girl and eat and sleep well and do all of my work. If ever I feel weak again shall know where to get my strength. I know your medicine cured me."—MRS. SALINA ARCHAMBO, CHARLEMONT, MASS.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled; for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometime past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women a year. All women who suffer are invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for advice, which will be promptly given without charge.

To California via the Midland Route.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for San Francisco, carrying first and second-class passengers, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station, Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City (with stop-over privileges at Salt Lake City), for all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada and California.

The Tourist Car berth rate from Chicago to San Francisco is only $6.00, and the sleeping car berths should be reserved a few days in advance of departure of train.

Through tickets and sleeping car accommodations can be secured from any agent in the east, or by applying at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Depot or City Ticket Offices in Chicago.

Send for our free illustrated California folders. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Tommy Tompkins—"I bet my pup kin lick your kitten." Willie Wilkins—"Well, I bet if he does he'll wish he hadn't when my kitty grows up."—Ohio State Journal.

We have not been without Piso's Cure for Consumption for 20 years.—Lizzie Ferrel, Camp St., Harrisburg, Pa., May 4, '94.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

1000s of UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS SAY:

T. HILL MANSFIELDS
CAPILLARIS

Permanently cures all Itching, Burning, Scaley, Scalp and Skin Diseases, such as Salt Rheum, Eczema, Scald Head, Chilblains, Piles, Burns, Baby Humors, Dandruff, Itching Scalp, Falling Hair (thickening and making it Soft, Silky, and Luxuriant). All Face Eruptions (producing a Soft, Clear, Beautiful Skin and Complexion). It contains no Lead, Sulphur, Cantharides or anything injurious. An easy, great seller. Lady canvassers make $5 to $25 a day. Druggists or mail 50c. Capillaris Manufacturing Co., N. Y. Address T. HILL MANSFIELD, Agt., GLEN RIDGE, N. J.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk toast, and at times my stomach would not retain and digest even that. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as I ever was in my life."
DAVID H. MURPHY, Newark, O.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 323

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 & $3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.
Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.
ALL LEATHERS. ALL STYLES
THE GENUINE have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom.
Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Largest makers of $3 and $3.50 shoes in the world. Your dealer should keep them—If not, we will send you a pair on receipt of price. State kind of leather, size and width, plain or cap toe.
Catalogue B Free.
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

FAT FOLKS FRIEND
ADIPO-CURA
Will reduce your weight 10 to 20 pounds a Month. No starving, No Special Diet. Purely Vegetable—Absolutely SAFE and CERTAIN in its Results. SAMPLE, with Treatise on Obesity, FREE.
NORTHWESTERN PHARMACAL CO. Box 468. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

READERS OF THIS PAPER
DESIRING TO BUY ANYTHING
ADVERTISED IN ITS COLUMNS
SHOULD INSIST UPON HAVING
WHAT THEY ASK FOR, REFUSING
ALL SUBSTITUTES OR IMITATIONS.

CARTER'S INK
—None so good, but it costs no more than the poorest.

FITS Permanently Cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. DR. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

$75 Month; costly outfit free; we want a man or woman in every county; apply quick. Manufacturers, 3945 Market St., Philadelphia.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

R. SEGER & SON,

Next to Bank, Emporium, Pa.

NOW OPENING!

Full Line of Summer Clothing And Furnishings.

Neckwear!

The Finest assortment of neckwear ever seen in this county.

New Shapes in Hats!

R. SEGER & SON.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.

396 to 408 Main St.—American Block;

BUFFALO, N. Y.

Dress Goods

52-inch Venetian cloth mixtures, beautiful fabrics of good quality, in all the new spring shades, including gray, blue and brown mixtures, also a lighter weight cloth in brown, tan, blue and green, plain colors, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Very pretty 42-inch silk and wool plaids for shirt waists and separate skirts, choice colorings, 90c yard.

46-inch spring and summer weight poplins in browns, greens, drabs and blues, fashionable fabric, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

Elegant quality of 50-inch navy blue cheviot, 75c yard, worth $1.00.

All-wool challies, the newest and daintiest patterns, 29c and 35c yard.

Finest qualities with satin stripes, 59c and 75c yard.

38-inch all-wool basket and canvas dress goods in combinations of brown and black, green and black and mixtures of browns and greens in very choice colorings, at 25c yard, worth 50c.

46-inch all-wool granite suitings, the best colors of the season in all the new shades, splendid values, 50c yard.

New Silks

Very handsome line of French foulards in navy and white and black and white, with satin stripes, 50c yard, worth 75c, all handsome stylish patterns.

Superb quality of black satin Duchesse, all silk with beautiful luster, 85c yard, worth $1.25.

Swiss taffeta novelty silks, plain and checks, extremely fashionable; also in rich plain colors, 58c yard, worth 85c.

Finest quality imported Habutai wash silks in checks, stripes and greys, 40c and 50c yard, a wonderful variety to choose from.

Wash Fabrics

200 pieces of French organdies in beautiful patterns, all new goods, 12½c yard, worth 25c.

Linen zephyrs, stripes and checks, in pinks, blues and black and whites, 28c yard, worth 35c.

New Madras cloths in very attractive colors and patterns for waists and skirts, 15c yard, worth 25c.

Best value in the city in Oxford shirtings and dress ginghams at 12½c yard.

Fancy chambrays in dainty effects, 25c yard.

Punjab percales in all the best colors, stripes and checks, yard wide, at 12½c yard.

Superior quality of sateens, black grounds, with colored Dresden patterns, 12½ yard.

Butterick Patterns

We are agents for Butterick patterns and publications and have always on hand a complete stock of all the latest patterns for every article of dress.

ADAM, MELDRUM & ANDERSON CO.,

The American Block.

BUFFALO, N. Y

EXCURSION NOTICES.

The Best Shooting.

The shooting in Iowa, Minnesota and South Dakota this year promises to be very good as the rainfall in all these states was abundant. The best localities for chicken and duck shooting are on and tributary to the lines of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway. A copy of a recent publication issued by the passenger department of that road can be had on application to John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, 486 William street, Williamsport, Pa., and enclosing three cents in stamps for postage. 28-2

***

To California Via the Midland Route.

Every Friday night, at 10:35 p. m., a through Tourist Car for San Francisco, carrying first and second-class passengers, leaves the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Union Passenger Station at Chicago, via Omaha, Colorado Springs and Salt Lake City, (with stop-over privileges at Salt Lake City all points in Colorado, Utah, Nevada for and California.

The Tourist Car berth rate from Chicago to San Francisco is only $6.00 and the sleeping car berths should be reserved a few days in advance of departure of train.

Through tickets and sleeping car accommodations can be secured from any agent in the east, or by applying at the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Depot or City Ticket Offices in Chicago.

Send for our free illustrated California folders. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill., or John R. Pott, District Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

27-7t-alt

***

NATIONAL EXPORT EXPOSITION, AT PHILADELPHIA.

Reduced Rates Via the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The National Export Exposition, which opens at Philadelphia on September 14 and continues until November 30, will be the most interesting and important event occurring in Philadelphia since the Centennial Exhibition of 1876. In addition to its valuable commercial exhibits it will present many features of popular interest and amusement. The United States Marine Band, Sousa's Band, the Banda Rossa, Innes' Band, Damrosch's Orchestra, and other celebrated bands will furnish music alternately, and a Midway Plaisance, equal if not superior to the famous World's Fair Midway at Chicago, and comprising a Chinese Village, a Chinese Theatre, acrobats and customs; an Oriental Village, London Ghost Show, Hagenback's Wild Animal Show, Blarney Castle, and many other unique presentations, will furnish abundant and diversified amusement. Arrangements have also been made for Mandolin, Guitar and Banjo Concerts, and for a grand chorus from the German Singing Societies.

For this occasion the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets from all points on its line, to Philadelphia and return, at rate of a fare and a third for the round trip plus price of admission. These tickets will be sold during the continuance of the Exposition and will be good for return passage until November 30.

For specific rates and additional information apply to nearest Ticket Agent. 1418-26-4t

Notice.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on two 25 cent bottles or boxes of Baxter's Mandrake Bitters, if it fails to cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, jaundice, loss of appetite, sour stomach, dyspepsia, liver complaint, or any of the diseases for which it is recommeded. It is highly recommended as a tonic and blood purifier. Sold liquid in bottles, and tablets in boxes. Price 25 cents for either. One package of either guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded. L. Taggart, R. C. Dodson. 34-24-ly

Business Cards.

B. W. GREEN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Emporium, Pa.

A business relating to estate, collections, real estates, Orphan's Court and general law business will receive prompt attention. 42-1y.

J. C. JOHNSON. J. P. MCNARNEY, JOHNSON & MCNARNEY, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, EMPORIUM, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to them. 16-1y.

MICHAEL BRENNAN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Collections promptly attended to. Real estate and pension claim agent, 35-1y. Emporium, Pa.

F. D. LEET. ATTORNEY-AT-LAW and INSURANCE AG'T. EMPORIUM, PA

TO LAND OWNERS AND OTHERS IN CAMERON AND ADJOINING COUNTIES.

I have numerous calls for hemlock and hardwood timber lands, also stumpage &c., and parties desiring either to buy or sell will do well to call on me. F. D. LEET.

CITY HOTEL, WM. MCGEE, PROPRIETOR Emporium, Pa.

Having again taken possession of this old and popular house I solicit a share of the public patronage. The house is newly furnished and is one of the best appointed hotels in Cameron county. 30-1y.

THE NOVELTY RESTAURANT, (Opposite Post Office,) Emporium, Pa. WILLIAM MCDONALD, Proprietor.

I take pleasure in informing the public that I have purchased the old and popular Novelty Restaurant, located on Fourth street. It will be my endeavor to serve the public in a manner that shall meet with their approbation. Give me a call. Meals and luncheon served at all hours. no27-1yr Wm. MCDONALD.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL, THOS. J. LYSETT, PROPRIETOR Near Buffalo Depot, Emporium, Pa.

This new and commodious hotel is now opened for the accommodation of the public. New in all its appointments, every attention will be paid to the guests patronizing this hotel. 27-17-1y

MAY GOULD, TEACHER OF PIANO, HARMONY AND THEORY, Also dealer in all the Popular Sheet Music, Emporium, Pa.

Scholars taught either at my home on Sixth street or at the homes of the pupils. Out of town scholars will be given dates at my rooms in this place.

F. C. RIECK, D. D. S., DENTIST.

Office over Taggart's Drug Store, Emporium, Pa. Gas and other local anaesthetics administered for the painless extraction of teeth.

SPECIALTY:—Preservation of natural teeth, including Crown and Bridge Work.

I will visit Driftwood the first Tuesday, and Sinnemahoning the third Wednesday of each month.

AUDITORS' REPORT

Of the Receipts, Expenditures, Assets and Liabilities of Emporium Borough for Year 1898-99.

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Emporium Borough.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$1,313 69
Received from C. H. Jessop, Collector	416 87
Received from cleaning and repairing sidewalks	11 05
Received from License and fines	87 50
Received from County Treasurer, acct. land sales	1 90
Received from liquor licenses	1,482 00
Total receipts	$3,312 91

EXPENDITURES.

P. R. Beattie	Labor	$ 181 73
James Haviland	do	205 25
Thos. Smith	do	88 48
Sam Parker	do	9 21
Pat Haley	do	1 50
E. G. Strait	do	10 20
James Bailey	do	4 38
Frank Burnell	do	3 25
John Welsh	do	58 00
A. Murry	do	21 00
James Farrell	do	9 00
Henry Robinson	do	3 00
William Snyder	do	19 88
John Blinzler	do	13 00
Frank Babcock	do	1 13
S. E. Murry	do	13 74
Chas. Fry	do	68 47
T. N. Hacket	do	1 50
Wm. Gross	do	3 75
Geo. Stevens	do	2 00
Thos. Cavanaugh	do	65 25
J. A. Fisher	do	1 45
T. Sifried	do	9 00
Chas. Hacket	do	2 25
W. Buber	do	39 75
W. H. Cramer	do	1 50
J. Bair	do	22 90
L. Smith	do	75
C. Bell	do	3 00
W. S. Sprung	do	9 00
J. Slaigle	do	2 64
W. Bell	do	6 00
Gus Whitmer	do	3 50
D. C. Hayes	do	3 50
Tom Robinson	do	6 00
Geo. Butler	do	3 00
A. J. Turley	do	7 00
C. Prosser	do	37 00
K. Kinney	do	4 12
Ed. Morse	do	1 50
S. McDonough	do	2 63
W. E. Chilson	do	3 00
R. B. Whenton	do	3 00
John McDonald	do	6 00
D. Bingeman	do	8 75
Lee Hopkins	do	3 75
Wm. Gribble	do	3 75
C. Myers	do	6 00
		$ 984 45

Fire Department.

Drying Hose		$ 16 00
Paid Citizen Hose Co., on appropriation		125 00
Paid Hamilton Hose Co.,	do do	150 00
Paid Rescue H. & L. Co.,	do do	75 00
Paid Mountaineer Hose Co.,	do do	50 00
Hauling hose carts		15 00
Repairs to apparatus		2 40
		$ 433 40

St. Marys Gas Co.

Paid for gas	$ 401 00
	$ 401 00

Printing.

Paid Cameron County Press	$ 43 50
Paid Independent	42 00
	$ 85 50

Lumber.

Paid H. L. Hacket	$ 89 58
Paid C. B. Howard & Co.,	4 02
	$ 93 60

Police.

Paid A. Kresge	$ 3 00
Paid James Haviland	3 00
Paid Jos. Friendle	4 50
	$ 10 50

Miscellaneous.

Paid Emporium Machine Co	$ 77 52
Paid Borough Auditors	24 00
Paid Walker, Howard & Co	22 50
Paid A. H. Shafer	3 00
Dog tax refunded	4 00
Paid Balcom & Lloyd	3 93
Paid Johnson & McNarney	15 00
Paid Secretary	40 00
Paid on lot adjoining City Hall	189 98
Paid J. H. Day	1 00
Paid H. Day	4 25
Paid for stone water troughs	35 00
Paid State tax on borough bonds	17 48
	$ 437 66

Recapitulation.

Total receipts	$3,312 91
Total expenditures	2,446 11
Cash on hand	$ 866 80

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 866 80
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	246 57
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1898	307 17
Due from R. B. Stiles, ex-Collector	14 38
	$1,434 92

LIABILITIES—NONE.

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in Account with Emporium Water Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand last audit	$ 17 55
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	125 00
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1898	775 89
Received from W. L. Thomas, Co. Treas.	2 37
	$ 920 81

EXPENDITURES.

Paid order No. 147	$ 320 00
Cash on hand	$ 600 81

Recapitulation.

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$ 600 81
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	219 25
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1898	523 57
Due from R. B. Stiles, ex-Collector	17 02
	$1,360 65

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding order, No. 42	$ 840 00
Outstanding order, No. 140	560 00
	$1,400 00

W. F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Borough Bond Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	$ 100 00
Received from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1898	439 77
Received from W. L. Thomas, Co. Treas.	1 42
	$ 541 19

EXPENDITURES.

Balance due Treasurer, last audit	$ 86 52
Paid bonds Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, inc	500 00
Paid coupons, 92 at $2.50	230 00
	$ 816 52
Balance due Treasurer,	$ 275 33

Recapitulation.

ASSETS.

Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1897	$ 245 57
Due from C. H. Jessop, Coll., 1898	340 97
	$ 586 54

LIABILITIES.

Outstanding bonds	$4,100 00
Balance due Treasurer	275 33
	$4,375 33

W, F. LLOYD, Borough Treasurer, in account with Newton Cemetery Fund.

RECEIPTS.

Cash on hand at last audit	$ 288 32
	$ 288 32

EXPENDITURES.

Paid work in cemetery, Order No. 1	$ 5 00
Paid printing, Orders No. 2 and 3	12 00
Paid Secretary's salary	10 00
	$ 27 00

ASSETS.

Cash in Treasury	$ 261 32
Amount due on lots	175 00
	$ 436 32

LIABILITIES—NONE.

We the undersigned Auditors of the Borough of Emporium, do hereby certify that we have examined, audited, adjusted and settled the foregoing accounts of W. F. Lloyd, Treasurer, in account with the Borough Fund, Borough Water Fund, Borough Bond Fund and Newton Cemetery Fund, and the above is a true and correct statement of the same.

Witness our hands and seals the first day of July, 1899.

C. JAY GOODNOUGH,
JOSIAH HOWARD,
GRANT S. ALLLN.
Borough Auditors.

ALL SORTS.

A dog day by any other name is just as hot.

"They are simply perfect," writes Rob't Moore, of LaFayette, Ind., of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the "famous little pills" for constipation and all liver ailments. Never gripe. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

We've taken hold of September by the hot end.

"Best on the market for coughs and colds and all bronchial troubles; for croup it has no equal," writes Henry R. Whitford, South Canaan, Conn., of One Minute Cough Cure. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

It is about time to try a little more shooting on Labori.

E. E. Turner, Compton, Mo., was cured of piles by DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve after suffering seventeen years and trying over twenty remedies. Physicians and surgeons endorse it. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The Gum shoe campaigh in Ohio argues a secret dossier.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers permanently cure chronic constipation, biliousness, nervousness and worn-out feeling; cleanse and regulate the entire system. Small, pleasant, never gripe or sicken—"famous little pills." R. C. Dodson. 8ly

When lightning goes on a strike it doesn't last long.

Chester H. Brown, Kalamazoo, Mich., says: "Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cured me of a severe case of indigestion; can strongly recommend it to all dyspeptics." Digests what you eat without aid from the stomach, and cures dyspepsia. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Jo Uaust is now getting more notices than "Joe" Wheeler.

There's always hope while there's One Minute Cough Cure. "An attack of pneumonia left my lungs in bad shape and I was near the first stages of consumption. One Minute Cough Cure completely cured me," writes Helen McHenry, Bismark, N. D. Gives instant relief. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The trunk man is now getting as much joy out of life as the ice man.

For wounds, burns, scalds, sores, skin diseases and all irritating eruptions nothing so soothing and healing as DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Mrs. Emma Bolles, Matron Englewood Nursery, Chicago, says of it: "When all else fails in healing our babies, it will cure." R. C. Dodson. 8ly

The proudest man at the country fair is the one who drives the sulky.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a scientific compound having the endorsement of eminent physicians and the medical press. It "digests what you eat" and positively cures dyspepsia. M. A. Ketron, Bloomingdale, Tenn., says it cured him of indigestion of ten years' standing. R. C. Dodson. 8ly

Nobody has thought it worth while to fine out where Gen. Wyler is spending the summer.

You may bridle the appetite, but you cannot bribe the liver to do its work well. You must be honest with it, help it along a little now and then with a dose of Herbine, the best liver regulator. L. Taggart. sept

We will maintain the navy all right whether the Ohio democrats approve or not.

A diseased liver declares itself by moroseness, mental depression, lack of energy, restlessness, melancholy and constipation. Herbine will restore the liver to a healthy condition. Price 50 cts. L. Taggart. sept

The democrats are now banking mostly on calamities hoped rather than seen.

As an external liniment of most wonderful penetrative and curative power, Ballard's Snow Liniment is not equaled by any other in the world. Price 25 and 50c. L. Taggart. sept

Satisfied with his reputation, Funston will not swim home.

White's Cream Vermifuge is perfectly harmless, and will remove every worm. It is also a tonic, and by its strengthening properties will restore to pale cheeks the rosy hue of health. Price 25 cts. L. Taggart. 8ly

The Kaiser's canal enthusiasm is getting him into deep water.

Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment relieves the intense itching. It soothes, heals and cures chronic cases where surgeons fail. It is no experiment; its sales increase through its cures. Every bottle guaranteed. Price, 50 cts. in bottles, tubes 75 cts. L. Taggart. sep

There are indications that Pat Clam may have to open.

The most delicate constitution can safely use Ballard's Horehound Syrup. It is a sure and pleasant remedy for coughs, loss of voice, and all throat and lung troubles. Price 25 and 50c. L. Taggart. sept

Chestnut burrs are getting ready to expand.

WONDERFUL CURE OF DIARRHOEA.

A Prominent Virginia Editor Had Almost Given Up, But was Brought Back to Perfect Health by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy—Read his Editorial.

From the Times, Hillstille, Va.

I suffered with diarrhoea for a long time and thought I was past being cured. I had spent much time and money and suffered so much misery that I had almost decided to give up all hopes of recovery and await the result, but noticing the advertisement of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and also some testimonials stating how some wonderful cures had been wrought by this remedy, I decided to try it. After taking a few doses I was entirely well of that trouble and I wish to say further to my readers and fellow-sufferers that I am a hale and hearty man to-day and feel as well as I ever did in my life.—O. R Moore. Sold by L Taggart, druggist. Sept

The PRESS, one year $1.50.

The great success of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the treatment of bowel complaints has made it standard over the greater part of the civilized world. For sale by L. Taggart, druggist. Sept.

Diphtheria.

Mrs M. E. Hancock, West Lebanon, Pa., writes: "When two of our children were, as we supposed, beyond medical help, Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops cured them. It seems almost like a miracle. 6ly

Subscribe for the PRESS.

Good Advice.

Treat all cases of dightheria, quinsy, tonsilitis, sore throat with scarlet fever, common sore throat or any throat affection, with Armstrong's Diphtheria and Quinsy Drops. It is the most successful throat remedy in the world. 6ly

TABLER'S BUCK EYE PILE OINTMENT

CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.

A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY for PILES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Prepared by RICHARDSON MED. CO., ST. LOUIS.

For sale by L. Taggart. 34-1-ly.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

Forsale by L. Taggart, Emporium, Pa.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by R. C. Dodson, Emporium, Pa.

SEND NO MONEY WITH YOUR ORDER, cut this Ad. out and send to us, and we will send you OUR HIGH-GRADE BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight C. O. D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $50.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay your freight agent Our Special Offer Price $15.50 and freight charges. The machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different makes and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all of which are fully described in Our Free Sewing Machine Catalogue, but $15.50 for this 7-DRAWER BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house. THE BURDICK has every modern improvement, every good point of every high-grade machine made, with the defects of none. Made by the best maker in America. SOLID OAK CABINET, BENT COVER. Latest 1899 Skeleton frame, piano polish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on 4 casters, ball bearing adjustable treadle, genuine Smyth iron stand, finest large high arm head made, positive four-motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable presser foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent dress guard.

GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells just how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-YEAR GUARANTEE is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $50.00, and then if convinced you are saving $20.00 to $35.00, pay your freight agent the $15.50. WE TO RETURN YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY. DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.—Editor.)

WRITE FOR FREE CATALOGUE. SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO. ILL.

C. G. SCHMIDT'S, HEADQUARTERS FOR

Popular Bakery,

FRESH BREAD, PIES, FANCY CAKES, ICE CREAM, NUTS

CONFECTIONERY

Daily Delivery.

All orders given prompt and skillful attention.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.

We have purchased and received our stock of Sping and Summer

DRESS GOODS,

Comprising a line of Linens, Mull, Swisses, Organdies, Muslins, Ginghams, etc., which we offer to the people of Emporium and vicinity at exceedingly low prices for quality of goods.

WE HAVE

India Linens at 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, 20 and 25 cents per yd.
White Lawns at 10, 12, 14, 15, 18, 20 and 25 cents per yd.
Colored lawns,—twelve different shades at 15c per yd.
Mulls at from - - - 15 to 25 cents per yd.
Organdies, very good at 12 cts. finer at 25 cents per yd.
Dotted Swiss, large and small dotts at 10 and 20c per yd.
Muslins, large quantity at exceptionally low prices.
Outings, light weight for summer uses, at 8 cents per yd.
Ginghams, fancy and plain, from 6 to 10 cents per yd.
Calicoes, fast colors, good patterns, at little prices.

We invite you to our store to compare our prices and goods with others, as we feel sure that after a fair comparison you will be more than pleased with the goods we offer and the service given.

CARPETS.

When in need of a carpet, call and examine our line of patterns. We handle carpets from sample and from the fact that we do not have to keep a lot of capital tied up in the stock, we can offer you lower prices. Leave us your order and we will have you the carpet in two or three days.

MATTINGS,

We have a line of Mattings, and very desirable patterns, at prices that defy competition. Do not expect to get new mattings at last year's prices, for you cannot, as the prices have been advanced by the jobber and we retailers have to follow suit, or not handle the line.

RUGS,

We have a small line of rugs, very nice patterns, which we would like you to see. Call at our store and the clerks will be only too glad to show you the stock.

C. B. HOWARD & CO.